RAJGOR
PROTEINS LIMITED

Annual Report
2021-22

PURE
PERFORMANCE

Edible Oils
Devgreen Groundnut Oil
Mustard Oil
Cotton Oil
Cumin Seeds

Non-edible oils
Castor Oil & Derivatives

DEV GREEN

RAJGOR PROTEINS LIMITED

NOTICE CONVENING ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE is hereby given that the 2**3rd (Twenty Third) Annual General Meeting** ("the Meeting") of the **Members** of **RAJGOR PROTEINS LIMITED** will be held on **Thursday, 29th September, 2022** at **11:00 A.M.** at the Registered Office of the Company situated at **808, Titanium One, Nr. Pakwan Cross Road Nr. Shabri Water Works, S.G. Highway, Bodakdev Ahmedabad-380015**, to transact, with or without modifications, the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1 **TO RECEIVE, CONSIDER AND ADOPT THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY INCLUDING AUDITED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2022, STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS AND CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON 31ST MARCH, 2022 TOGETHER WITH THE DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE AUDITORS' REPORT THEREON.**

2 **TO DECLARE DIVIDEND ON EQUITY SHARES AT THE RATE OF 5 % (FIVE PERCENT) [I.E. RS. 0.50/- (RUPEES FIFTY PAISA ONLY) PER EQUITY SHARE OF FACE VALUE OF RS. 10/- (RUPEES TEN ONLY)] FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31ST MARCH, 2022.**

3 **TO APPOINT A DIRECTOR IN PLACE OF MR. RAHULKUMAR VASANTLAL RAJGOR (DIN: 09010508) WHO RETIRES BY ROTATION AND BEING ELIGIBLE, OFFERS HIMSELF FOR RE-APPOINTMENT.**

4 **TO APPROVE THE APPOINTMENT OF STATUTORY AUDITORS AND FIXING OF THEIR REMUNERATION.**

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT, pursuant to the provisions of Sections 139, 141 and 142 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force), M/s M A A K & Associates, Chartered Accountants (FRN:135024W) be and are hereby appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for a term of 5 (Five) consecutive years to hold office from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting to the conclusion of the 28th Annual General Meeting on the remuneration as may be decided by any director of the company.

RESOLVED THAT, any of the Directors and the Company Secretary of the company be and are hereby severally authorized to certify and make available true copy of the forgoing resolution to anyone including but not limited to any statutory authority, if concerned or deemed interest in the matter**."**

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

5 **TO APPROVE RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION(S) WITH RAJGOR CASTOR DERIVATIVES LIMITED (ASSOCIATE COMPANY) FOR VARIOUS TRANSACTIONS DURING FY 2022-2023**

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, the following resolution as a SPECIAL RESOLUTION:

"RESOLVED THAT, pursuant to the Section 188 of Companies Act, 2013 read with rules made thereunder and the Company's policy on Related Party Transaction(s), consent of the members of the company be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the company to enter into contract(s)/arrangement(s)/transaction(s) with Rajgor Castor Derivatives Limited (an Associate Company) , a related party within the meaning of Section 2(76) of the Act , for purchase and sale of edible and non-edible oil seeds, edible and non-edible oil, DOC, High proteins and other products and transactions on such terms and conditions, as the Board of Directors may deem fit, up to a maximum aggregate value of Rs.100 crore each for financial year 2022-2023 ,provided that the said contract(s) / arrangement(s)/ transaction(s) so carried out shall be at arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business of the company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT, the Board, be and is hereby authorized to do and perform all such acts, deeds, matters and things, as may be necessary, including finalizing the terms and conditions, methods and modes in respect thereof and finalizing and executing necessary documents, including contract(s), scheme(s), agreement(s) and such other documents, file applications and make representations in respect thereof and seek approval from relevant authorities, including Governmental authorities in this regard and deal with any matters, take necessary steps as the Board may in its absolute discretion deem necessary, desirable or expedient to give effect to this resolution and to settle any question that may arise in this regard and incidental thereto, without being required to seek any further consent or approval of the Members or otherwise to the end and intent that the Members shall be deemed to have given their approval thereto expressly by the authority of this resolution.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT, the Board be and is hereby authorized to delegate all or any of the powers herein conferred, to any Director(s), Chief Financial Officer or Company Secretary or any other Officer(s)/ Authorized Representative(s) of the company, to do all such acts and take such steps, as may be considered necessary or expedient, to give effect to the aforesaid resolution.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT, all action taken by the Board in connection with any matter referred to or contemplated in any of the foregoing resolutions, be and are hereby approved, ratified and confirmed in all respect**."**

6 TO APPROVE RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION(S) WITH BRIJESH TRADING CO. (ASSOCIATE PROPRIETORSHIP CONCERN) FOR VARIOUS TRANSACTIONS DURING FY 2022-2023

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, the following resolution as a SPECIAL RESOLUTION:

"RESOLVED THAT, pursuant to the Section 188 of Companies Act, 2013 read with rules made thereunder and the Company's policy on Related Party Transaction(s), consent of the members of the company be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the company to enter into contract(s)/arrangement(s)/transaction(s) with Brijesh Trading Co. (Associate Proprietorship Concern), a related party within the meaning of Section 2(76) of the Act , for purchase and sale of edible and non-edible oil seeds, edible and non-edible oil, DOC, High proteins and other products and transactions on such terms and conditions, as the Board of Directors may deem fit, up to a maximum aggregate value of Rs. 250 crore each for financial year 2022-2023 ,provided that the said contract(s) / arrangement(s)/ transaction(s) so carried out shall be at arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business of the company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT, the Board, be and is hereby authorized to do and perform all such acts, deeds, matters and things, as may be necessary, including finalizing the terms and conditions, methods and modes in respect thereof and finalizing and executing necessary documents, including contract(s), scheme(s), agreement(s) and such other documents, file applications and make representations in respect thereof and seek approval from relevant authorities, including Governmental authorities in this regard and deal with any matters, take necessary steps as the Board may in its absolute discretion deem necessary, desirable or expedient to give effect to this resolution and to settle any question that may arise in this regard and incidental thereto, without being required to seek any further consent or approval of the Members or otherwise to the end and intent that the Members shall be deemed to have given their approval thereto expressly by the authority of this resolution.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT, the Board be and is hereby authorized to delegate all or any of the powers herein conferred, to any Director(s), Chief Financial Officer or Company Secretary or any other Officer(s)/ Authorized Representative(s) of the company, to do all such acts and take such steps, as may be considered necessary or expedient, to give effect to the aforesaid resolution.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT, all action taken by the Board in connection with any matter referred to or contemplated in any of the foregoing resolutions, be and are hereby approved, ratified and confirmed in all respect**.”**

7 TO APPROVE RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION(S) WITH RAJGOR INDUSTRIES PRIVATE LIMITED (ASSOCIATE COMPANY) FOR VARIOUS TRANSACTIONS DURING FY 2022-2023

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, the following resolution as a SPECIAL RESOLUTION:

“RESOLVED THAT, pursuant to the Section 188 of Companies Act, 2013 read with rules made thereunder and the Company’s policy on Related Party Transaction(s), consent of the members of the company be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the company to enter into contract(s)/arrangement(s)/transaction(s) with Rajgor Industries Private Limited (Associate Company), a related party within the meaning of Section 2(76) of the Act , for purchase and sale of edible and non-edible oil seeds, edible and non-edible oil, DOC, High proteins and other products and transactions on such terms and conditions, as the Board of Directors may deem fit, up to a maximum aggregate value of Rs. 80 crore each for financial year 2022-2023 ,provided that the said contract(s) / arrangement(s)/ transaction(s) so carried out shall be at arm’s length basis and in the ordinary course of business of the company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT, the Board, be and is hereby authorized to do and perform all such acts, deeds, matters and things, as may be necessary, including finalizing the terms and conditions, methods and modes in respect thereof and finalizing and executing necessary documents, including contract(s), scheme(s), agreement(s) and such other documents, file applications and make representations in respect thereof and seek approval from relevant authorities, including Governmental authorities in this regard and deal with any matters, take necessary steps as the Board may in its absolute discretion deem necessary, desirable or expedient to give effect to this resolution and to settle any question that may arise in this regard and incidental thereto, without being required to seek any further consent or approval of the Members or otherwise to the end and intent that the Members shall be deemed to have given their approval thereto expressly by the authority of this resolution.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT, the Board be and is hereby authorized to delegate all or any of the powers herein conferred, to any Director(s), Chief Financial Officer or Company Secretary or any other Officer(s)/ Authorized Representative(s) of the company, to do all such acts and take such steps, as may be considered necessary or expedient, to give effect to the aforesaid resolution.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT, all action taken by the Board in connection with any matter referred to or contemplated in any of the foregoing resolutions, be and are hereby approved, ratified and confirmed in all respect**.”**

NOTES:

1. A member entitled to attend, and vote is entitled to appoint a proxy, or, where that is allowed, one or more proxies, to attend and vote instead of himself, and that a proxy need not be a member.
2. Pursuant to provisions of Section 105 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the applicable rules thereon, a person can act as a proxy on behalf of members not exceeding fifty and holding in the aggregate not more than ten percent of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting right. In case the proxy is proposed to be appointed by a member holding more than 10% of the total share capital of the company carrying voting rights, then such proxy cannot act as a proxy for any other person or shareholder.
3. A proxy, in order to be effective, must be received at the registered office of the company not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the meeting.
4. A statement pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to the Special Business to be transacted at the Meeting is annexed hereto.

5. Corporate members intending to send their authorized representatives to attend the meeting are requested to send to the Company a certified copy of the Board Resolution authorizing their representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the meeting.

6. Only bonafide members of the company whose names appear on the Register of Members/Proxy holders, in possession of valid attendance slips duly filled and signed will be permitted to attend the meeting. The company reserves its right to take all steps as may be deemed necessary to restrict non-members from attending the meeting.

7. Members are requested to bring their copies of Annual Report to the Meeting.

8. In case of joint holders attending the meeting only such joint holder who is higher in the order of names will be entitled to vote.

9. Company has fixed 29th September, 2022 as record date for the purpose of determining the entitlement of dividend.

10. Members are requested to intimate any change of name, address etc. to RTA i.e. M/s. Skyline Financial Services Private Limited or the Secretarial Department of the Company at registered office immediately.

11. Members desirous of getting any information about the accounts and operations of the Company are requested to submit their queries addressed to the Company Secretary at least 7 days in advance of the meeting so that the information called for can be made available at the meeting.

12. Members may also note that the Notice of the 23rd Annual General Meeting and the Annual Report for the financial period ended on 31.03.2022 will also be available on the Company's website: **www.rajgorpeoteins.com** for their download.

13. The investors may contact the Company Secretary for redressal of their grievances/queries. For this purpose, they may either write to him at the registered office address or e-mail their grievances/queries to the e-mail address: **cs@rajgorproteins.com**

14. A Route Map showing the Directions to reach the venue of the 23rd Annual General Meeting is attached herewith as per the requirement of Secretarial Standards - 2 on General Meeting.

15. Details of Directors seeking appointment/re-appointment at the 23rd Annual General Meeting of the Company:

Name of Director	**Rahulkumar Vasantlal Rajgor**
Date of Birth	**11/08/1997**
DIN	**09010508**
Date of Appointment	**26/12/2020**
Nationality	**Indian**
Qualifications	**B.E. Mechanical**
Expertise in Functional Area	**Management and General Administration**
Board membership in other Companies as on 31.03.2022	--
Chairman/Member of the Committee of the board of Directors in other companies as on 31.03.2022	--
Number of Shares held into the company as on 31.03.2022	**1596698**

DEV GREEN

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors,
For, RAJGOR PROTEINS LIMITED

Date: 03/09/2022
Place: Ahmedabad

Rahulkumar V Rajgor	**Zenishaben Rajgor**
Whole-time Director	**Managing Director**
DIN: 09010508	**DIN: 08743879**

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102(1) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013:

Item No. 4:

M/s. M A A K & Associates, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No.135024W), have given their consent for their appointment as Statutory Auditors of the Company and has issued certificate confirming that their appointment, if made, will be within the limits prescribed under the provisions of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the rules made thereunder. M/s. M A A K & Associates, have confirmed that they are eligible for the proposed appointment under the Act, the Chartered Accountants Act, 1949 and the rules or regulations made thereunder. As confirmed to Audit Committee and stated in their report on financial statements, the Auditors have reported their independence from the Company according to the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') and the ethical requirements relevant to audit. Based on the recommendations of the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors, it is hereby proposed to appoint M/s. M A A K & Associates, Chartered Accountants, having Firm Registration No.135024W, as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for the term of five consecutive years, who shall hold office from the conclusion of this 23rd AGM till the conclusion of the 28th AGM of the Company at such remuneration as may be determined by the Board and mutually decided with such auditor. The Board of Directors in consultation with the Audit Committee may alter and vary the terms and conditions of appointment, including remuneration, in such manner and to such extent as may be mutually agreed with the Statutory Auditors. M/s. M A A K & Associates holds the 'Peer Review' certificate as issued by 'ICAI'.

The Board recommends the resolution set out at Item No. 4 of the Notice for approval by the Members by way of an Ordinary Resolution. None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives are interested or concerned, financially or otherwise, in the resolution.

Item No. 5:

Context:

The estimated value of the contract(s)/arrangement(s)/transaction(s) exceeds the threshold limit of 10% of the annual turnover i.e Rs. 660.90 Crores as per the last audited financial statement of the company for FY 2021-22, resulting in a material related party transaction. To ensure uninterrupted operation, approval of the shareholders is being sought, for entering into related party transactions with Rajgor Castor Derivatives Limited for a maximum aggregate value of Rs. 100 crores for the financial year 2022-23.

Background and Details of the Transaction

In order to sustain quality standards and ease of customer reach, in the best interest of the company and its stakeholders, some of the transactions of the company pertain to sales and purchase of goods and materials related to Edible and Non-Edible Oil Seeds, Edible and Non-Edible Oil, DOC, High Proteins etc. with Rajgor Castor Derivatives Limited. Considering the prevailing market trend this transaction will continue in the year 2022-23 also.

Rationale/ Benefits of Dealing with Rajgor Castor Derivatives Limited (RCDL)

- RPL is engaged into the Manufacturing and Trading of Edible and No Edible Oils, Oil Seeds, DOC, High protein etc. RCDL also engaged into the same line of Business involved into the Manufacturing and Trading of Non Edible oil, Oil Seeds, DOC and High Proteins.

- RPL sales its produces in to the national as well as in International market. RCDL involved into the same line of activity which helps RPL to mitigate the Orders and demands of the local as well as international Clients.

Approval Sought

The estimated maximum aggregate value of the transaction with RCDL for the financial year 2022-23 is expected to be Rs.100 Crores which would breach the materiality threshold of 10% of the annual turnover of the company i.e Rs. 660.90 Crores as per last audited financial statements of the company for FY 2022-23. Hence, to ensure uninterrupted operation of the company, it is proposed to secure shareholders' approval for the related party contract(s)/ arrangement(s)/transaction(s) to be entered into with RCDL for a maximum aggregate value of Rs. 100 crores for the financial year 2022-23.

Pursuant to Rule 15 of the Companies (Meeting of Board and its powers) Rules,2014, as amended till date, particulars of the transaction(s), etc. are as under:

Sr. No.	Particulars	Remarks
1	Name of the Related Party	Rajgor Castor Derivatives Limited
2	Name of the Director or KMP who is related	• Mr. Rahul Kumar Rajgor, Director of the Company is real Brother of Mr. Brijesh Kumar Rajgor, Managing Director of Rajgor Castor Derivatives Limited. • Mr. Rahul Kumar Rajgor, Director of the Company is son of Mr. Vasantkumar Rajgor, Director of Rajgor Castor Derivatives Limited. • Ms. Kiranben Rajgor Director of the Company is wife of Mr. Maheshkumar Rajgor, Director of Rajgor Castor Derivatives Limited.
3	Nature of Relationship	Rajgor Castor Derivatives Limited is an Associate Company
4	Nature, material terms, monetary value and particulars of the contract or arrangement	The transaction involves the purchase and sale of materials related to Edible and Non-Edible Oil Seeds, Edible and Non-Edible Oils, DOC, High Proteins etc. for a maximum aggregate value of Rs. 100 crores during FY 2022-23.
5	Any other information relevant or important for the members to take a decision on the proposed resolution	All important information forms part of the statement setting out material facts pursuant to Section 102(1) of the companies act, 2013 which has been mentioned in the foregoing paragraph

Except Mr. Rahul Rajgor and Kiranben Rajgor Directors and promoters of the Company and their relatives none the other shareholders are concerned or interested in the Resolution.

The Board of Directors recommends resolution as set out in the notice for approval of the members of the Company by way of a Special Resolution

Item No. 6:

Context:

The estimated value of the contract(s)/arrangement(s)/transaction(s) exceeds the threshold limit of 10% of the annual turnover i.e Rs. 660.90 crore as per the last audited financial statement of the company for FY 2021-22, resulting in a material related party transaction. To ensure uninterrupted operation, approval of the shareholders is being sought, for entering into related party transactions with Brijesh Trading Co. for a maximum aggregate value of Rs. 250 crores for the financial year 2022-23.

Background and Details of the Transaction

In order to sustain quality standards and ease of customer reach, in the best interest of the company and its stakeholders, some of the transactions of the company pertain to sales and purchase of goods and materials related to Edible and Non-Edible Oil Seeds, Edible and Non-Edible Oil, DOC, High Proteins etc. with Brijesh Trading Co. Considering the prevailing market trend this transaction will continue in the year 2022-23 also.

Rationale/ Benefits of Dealing with Brijesh Trading Co. (BTC)

- RPL is engaged into the Manufacturing and Trading of Edible and No Edible Oils, Oil Seeds, DOC, High protein etc. BTC also engaged into the trading of the Edible and Non-Edible Oil seeds, DOCS, High Proteins etc.

- RPL sales its produces in to the national as well as in International market. BTC involved into the trading of the products which suffice the needs of the RPL in production of Edible and No Edible Oils, DOC, High protein etc.

Approval Sought

The estimated maximum aggregate value of the transaction with BTC for the financial year 2022-23 is expected to be Rs.250 Crores which would breach the materiality threshold of 10% of the annual turnover of the company i.e Rs. 660.90 Crores as per last audited financial statements of the company for FY 2022-23. Hence, to ensure uninterrupted operation of the company, it is proposed to secure shareholders' approval for the related party contract(s)/ arrangement(s)/transaction(s) to be entered into with BTC for a maximum aggregate value of Rs. 250 crores for the financial year 2022-23.

Pursuant to Rule 15 of the Companies (Meeting of Board and its powers) Rules,2014, as amended till date, particulars of the transaction(s), etc. are as under:

Sr. No.	Particulars	Remarks
1	Name of the Related Party	Brijesh Trading Co.
2	Name of the Director or KMP who is related	• Mr. Rahul Kumar Rajgor, Director of the Company is real Brother of Mr. Brijesh Kumar Rajgor, Proprietor of Brijesh Trading Co.
3	Nature of Relationship	Brijesh Trading Co. is an Associate Proprietorship Concern
4	Nature, material terms, monetary value and particulars of the contract or arrangement	The transaction involves the purchase and sale of materials related to Edible and Non-Edible Oil Seeds, DOC, High Proteins etc. for a maximum aggregate value of Rs. 250 crores during FY 2022-23.
5	Any other information relevant or important for the members to take a decision on the proposed resolution	All important information forms part of the statement setting out material facts pursuant to Section 102(1) of the companies act, 2013 which has been mentioned in the foregoing paragraph

Except Mr. Rahul Rajgor Director and promoter of the Company and their relatives none the other shareholders are concerned or interested in the Resolution.

The Board of Directors recommends resolution as set out in the notice for approval of the members of the Company by way of a Special Resolution

Item No. 7:

Context:

The estimated value of the contract(s)/arrangement(s)/transaction(s) exceeds the threshold limit of 10% of the annual turnover i.e Rs. 660.90 crore as per the last audited financial statement of the company for FY 2021-22, resulting in a material related party transaction. To ensure uninterrupted operation, approval of the shareholders is being sought, for entering into related party transactions with Rajgor Industries Private Limited for a maximum aggregate value of Rs. 80 crores for the financial year 2022-23.

Background and Details of the Transaction

In order to sustain quality standards and ease of customer reach, in the best interest of the company and its stakeholders, some of the transactions of the company pertain to sales and purchase of goods and materials related to Edible and Non-Edible Oil Seeds, Edible and Non-Edible Oil, DOC, High Proteins etc. with Rajgor Industries Private Limited considering the prevailing market trend this transaction will continue in the year 2022-23 also.

Rationale/ Benefits of Dealing with Rajgor Industries Private Limited. (RIPL)

- RPL is engaged into the Manufacturing and Trading of Edible and No Edible Oils, Oil Seeds, DOC, High protein etc. RIPL also engaged into the same line of Business.

Approval Sought

The estimated maximum aggregate value of the transaction with RIPL for the financial year 2022-23 is expected to be Rs. 80 Crores which would breach the materiality threshold of 10% of the annual turnover of the company i.e. Rs. 660.90 Crores as per last audited financial statements of the company for FY 2022-23. Hence, to ensure uninterrupted operation of the company, it is proposed to secure shareholders' approval for the related party contract(s)/ arrangement(s)/transaction(s) to be entered into with RIPL for a maximum aggregate value of Rs. 80 crores for the financial year 2022-23.

Pursuant to Rule 15 of the Companies (Meeting of Board and its powers) Rules,2014, as amended till date, particulars of the transaction(s), etc. are as under:

Sr. No.	Particulars	Remarks
1	**Name of the Related Party**	**Rajgor Industries Private Limited**
2	**Name of the Director or KMP who is related**	• **Mr. Rahul Kumar Rajgor, Director of the Company is Son of Mr. Vasantkumar Shankarlal Rajgor, Director and Promoter of RIPL.** • **Ms. Kiranben Rajgor Director of the Company is wife of Mr. Maheshkumar Rajgor, Director and Promoter of RIPL.**
3	**Nature of Relationship**	**Rajgor Industries Private Limited is an Associate Company.**
4	**Nature, material terms, monetary value and particulars of the contract or arrangement**	**The transaction involves the purchase and sale of materials related to Edible and Non-Edible Oil Seeds, Edible and Non-Edible Oils, DOC, High Proteins etc. for a maximum aggregate value of Rs. 80 crores during FY 2022-23.**
5	**Any other information relevant or important for the members to take a decision on the proposed resolution**	**All important information forms part of the statement setting out material facts pursuant to Section 102(1) of the companies act, 2013 which has been mentioned in the foregoing paragraph**

Except Mr. Rahul Rajgor and Kiranben Rajgor Directors and promoters of the Company and their relatives none the other shareholders are concerned or interested in the Resolution.

The Board of Directors recommends resolution as set out in the notice for approval of the members of the Company by way of a Special Resolution

DEV GREEN

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors,
For, RAJGOR PROTEINS LIMITED

Date: 03/09/2022
Place: Ahmedabad

Rahulkumar V Rajgor	Zenishaben Rajgor
Whole-time Director	Managing Director
DIN: 09010508	DIN: 08743879

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Dear Members,

Your Directors are pleased to present herewith the 23rd (Twenty Third) Annual Report of your Company together with the Audited Financial statement and the Auditors' Report for the financial year ended, 31st March, 2022.

FINANCIAL RESULTS / STATE OF COMPANY'S AFFAIRS:

		Amount in Rs.
PARTICULARS	**2021-22**	**2020-21**
Revenue From Operations	6,59,50,00,290	2,21,75,08,241
Other Income	1,87,65,438	3,721
Less: Expenses	(6,54,86,77,146)	(2,21,08,23,760)
Profit before exceptional and extraordinary items and tax	**6,50,88,582**	**66,88,203**
Less: Exceptional items	Nil	Nil
Less: Extraordinary Items	Nil	Nil
Profit before tax	**6,50,88,582**	**66,88,203**
Tax expense	(1,81,05,453)	(17,96,298)
Profit (Loss) for the period	**4,69,83,129**	**48,91,905**

DIVIDEND:
The Board recommends payment of dividend of Rs. 0.50/- (Fifty Paisa) per share on 2,69,38,749 Equity shares of face value of Rs. 10/- each for the year ended March 31, 2022.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES:
The Company has not transferred any amount to the General Reserve during the financial year ended March 31, 2022.

SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY:
As on 31st March,2022 the issued, subscribed and paid-up capital of the Company is Rs.26,93,87,490/- divided into 2,69,38,749 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each.

During the year Company has increased its share capital as per under:

- As on 15/06/2021 company has increase its capital through right issue of shares. Company has issued 40,00,000 equity shares on a Right basis to the existing shareholders of the Company.

- As on 07/09/2021 company has increase its capital through right issue of shares. Company has issued 20,99,999 equity shares on a Right basis to the existing shareholders of the Company.

- As on 28/09/2021 company has increase its capital through right issue of shares. Company has issued 41,18,750 equity shares on a Right basis to the existing shareholders of the Company.

- As on 29/10/2021 company has Company has issued 12,50,000 equity shares on preferential basis through private placement.

- As on 09/11/2021 company has Company has issued 17,87,500 equity shares on preferential basis through private placement.

* As on 16/11/2021 company has Company has issued 5,62,500 equity shares on preferential basis through private placement.

* As on 25/11/2021 company has Company has issued 4,46,875 equity shares on preferential basis through private placement.

* As on 27/11/2021 company has Company has issued 75,000 equity shares on preferential basis through private placement.

* As on 30/11/2021 company has Company has issued 17,37,500 equity shares on preferential basis through private placement.

* As on 03/12/2021 company has Company has issued 11,75,000 equity shares on preferential basis through private placement.

* As on 07/12/2021 company has Company has issued 5,90,625 equity shares on preferential basis through private placement.

* As on 14/12/2021 company has Company has issued 7,75,000 equity shares on preferential basis through private placement.

* As on 28/12/2021 company has Company has issued 26,02,176 equity shares on preferential basis through private placement.

* As on 29/12/2021 company has Company has issued 17,19,375 equity shares on preferential basis through private placement.

* As on 30/12/2021 company has Company has issued 23,36,199 equity shares on preferential basis through private placement.

* As on 31/12/2021 company has Company has issued 6,62,250 equity shares on preferential basis through private placement.

CHANGES IN MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION:

During the year company has do the following amendment in Memorandum of Association (MOA) and Articles of Association (AOA).

1) Company has converted its status from Private Limited to Public Limited and subsequently name clause amended in MOA and AOA of the Company from Rajgor Proteins Private Limited to Rajgor Proteins Limited and other clauses of MOA and AOA amended after the getting the approval of Shareholders in general meeting.

2) Company has also changed the Capital Clause by increasing authorized share capital of the Company.

(i) From Rs. 5,00,00,000/- (Rupees Five Crore) having a 50,00,000 (Fifty Lakhs) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each to Rs. 20,00,00,000/- (Rupees Twenty Crore) having a 2,00,00,000 (Two Crore) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each with the approval of Shareholders in their Meeting held as on 26.07.2021.

(ii) From Rs. 20,00,00,000/- (Rupees Twenty Crore) having a 2,00,00,000 (Two Crore) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each to Rs. 27,00,00,000/- (Rupees Twenty Seven Crore) having a 2,70,00,000 (Two Crore Seventy Lakh) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each with the approval of Shareholders in their Meeting held as on 21/12/2021.

(iii) Rs. 27,00,00,000/- (Rupees Twenty Seven Crore) having a 2,70,00,000 (Two Crore Seventy Lakh) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each to Rs. 37,00,00,000/- (Rupees Thirty Seven Crore) having a 3,70,00,000 (Three Crore Seventy Lakh) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each with the approval of Shareholders in their Meeting held as on 21/03/2022.

3) Company has also adopted new sets of altered Articles of Associations (AoA) after the getting the approval of Shareholders in general meeting.

SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES:
During the year under review, the following changes have taken place in Subsidiaries, Joint Venture and Associate Companies:

SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES FORMED/ACQUIRED: NIL

NEW ASSOCIATE COMPANY:
1. Rajgor Industries Private Limited
2. Rajgor Castor Derivatives Limited

MATERIAL CHANGES AFFECTING FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY:
There have been no material changes and commitments, if any, affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:
The Board of Directors is duly constituted in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:
- Mrs. Kiranben Rajgor appointed as on 19/08/2021 as an Executive Director was re-designated as Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director w.e.f. 19/03/2022.
- Mr. Rahulkumar Rajgor Executive Director of the Company was re-designated as Chairman and Whole-time Director of the Company w.e.f. 08/08/2022.
- Mrs. Zenishaben Rajgor Executive Director of the Company was re-designated as Managing Director of the Company w.e.f. 08/08/2022.
- Ms. Aartiben Thakkar appointed as an Independent Director of the Company as on 21/03/2022 and she was resigned from the Post w.e.f. 14/05/2022
- Mr. Ravi Thakkar appointed as Independent Director of the Company as on 23/03/2022.
- Mr. Tarak Tkakkar appointed as Independent Director of the Company as on 19/05/2022 and he was resigned from his post w.e.f. 28/07/2022.
- Mr. Mayank Agarwal appointed as Independent Director of the Company w.e.f. 08/08/2022
- Mr. Parth Patel appointed as Independent Director of the Company w.e.f. 29.08.2022
- Mr. Parin N Shah was appointed as Company Secretary and Compliance Office of the Company w.e.f. 01.10.2021.
- Mr. Arshadali M Saiyad was appointed as Chief Financial Officer (C.F.O.) of the Company w.e.f. 21.03.2022.

NUMBER OF MEETING OF THE BOARD:
During the year 2020-21, the Board of Directors met 34 (Thirty four) times viz. on 25.05.2021, 15.06.2021,08.07.2021, 19.08.2021, 20.08.2021, 25.08.2021, 07.09.2021, 10.09.2021, 28.09.2021, 01.10.2021, 16.10.2021, 19.10.2021, 23.10.2021, 29.10.2021, 09.11.2021, 16.11.2021, 25.11.2021, 27.11.2021, 30.11.2021, 03.12.2021, 07.12.2021, 14.12.2021, 16.12.2021, 28.12.2021, 29.12.2021, 30.12.2021, 31.12.2021, 25.01.2022, 28.01.2022, 21.02.2022, 17.03.2022, 21.03.2022, 23.03.2022, 26.03.2022, Proper notices were given and the proceedings were properly recorded and signed in the Minutes Book as required by the Articles of Association of the Company and the Act.

BOARD EVALUATION:

The Board adopted a formal mechanism for evaluating its performance and as well as that of its Committees and individual Directors, including the Chairman of the Board. The exercise was carried out through a structured evaluation process covering various aspects of the Boards functioning such as composition of the Board & committees, experience & competencies, performance of specific duties & obligations, contribution at the meetings and otherwise, independent judgment, governance issues etc.

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD:

The Board of Directors has following Committees:-

1. Audit Committee
2. Nomination and Remuneration Committee
3. Share Transfer and Grievances Committee

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN:

The Annual Return of the Company as on 31st March, 2022 is available on the website of the Company at www.rajgorproteins.com.

DEPOSIT:

Your Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.

STATEMENT OF DECLARATION GIVEN BY THE INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS UNDER SECTION 149(7):

The Independent Directors have submitted the declaration of independence, as required pursuant to Section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013, stating that they meet the criteria of Independence as provided in section 149 (6).

The Independent Directors have confirmed and declared that they are not dis-qualified to act as an Independent Director as specified under Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Board is also of the opinion that the Independent Directors fulfills all the conditions specified in the Companies Act, 2013 making them eligible to act as Independent Directors.

CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES:

During the year under review all the related party transactions entered by the Company were on arms' length basis and in ordinary course of business.

There are no materially significant related party transactions entered into by the Company with Promoters, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or other designated persons which may have a potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large. Details of the related party transactions are provided in Form AOC – 2 under **Annexure-A**

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013:

During the year under review, the Company has not made any Loans, provided any guarantee or made any investment falling under purview of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS IMPACTING THE GOING CONCERN STATUS AND COMPANY'S OPERATIONS IN FUTURE:

During the year under review there has been no such significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and company's operations in future.

AUDITORS:

Statutory Auditors:-

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules made thereunder M/s M A A K & Associates, Chartered Accountants (FRN:135024W) were appointed as the as the statutory auditors till the conclusion of ensuing Annual General meeting will be held for Financial Year 31/03/2027.

The Notes to the financial statements referred in the Auditors Report are self-explanatory. There are no qualifications or reservations on adverse remarks or disclaimers given by Statutory Auditors' of the Company and therefore do not call for any comments under Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Auditors' Report is enclosed with the financial statements in this Annual Report.

Secretarial Audit:-

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and

Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Company has appointed M/s. Shah & Santoki Associates, Company Secretaries to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company. The Secretarial Audit Report is annexed herewith as **Annexure-B**

EXPLANATION OR COMMENTS ON AUDITORS' REPORT:

There are no qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks or disclaimer made by the Statutory Auditors in their Audit Report. Hence, no comments are required to be made thereon.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL SYSTEM:

The Board has laid down the Internal Financial Control System with adequate internal financial controls, commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of operations which operates effectively. The scope and authority of the Internal Financial Control function) is well defined.

RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY:

The Management regularly reviewed the risk and take appropriate steps to mitigate the risk. The company has in place the Risk Management policy. The Company has a robust Business Risk Management (BRM) framework to identify, evaluate business risks and opportunities. This framework seeks to create transparency, minimize adverse impact on the business objectives and enhance the Company's competitive advantage.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES:

No employee was drawing salary in excess of the limits prescribed under Section 197 read with Rule 5 of The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, as amended, from time to time.

In terms of provisions of Section 136(1) of the Act, the Annual Report excluding the disclosures pertaining to remuneration and other details as required under Section 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is being sent to the members of the Company. The said information is open for inspection at the registered office of the Company during working hours and any member interested in obtaining such information may write to the Company Secretary and the same will be furnished on request.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNING AND OUTGO:

(A) CONSERVATION OF ENERGY:-

(i) the steps taken or impact on conservation of energy : It mainly includes selection and installation of energy efficient equipment's and energy saving devices.

(ii) the steps taken by the company for utilizing alternate sources of energy : None

(iii) the capital investment on energy conservation equipment's : Nil

(B) TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION:-

(i) the efforts made towards technology absorption: None

(ii) the benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution : N.A.

(iii) in case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year)-

(a) the details of technology imported : None
(b) the year of import : N.A.
(c) whether the technology been fully absorbed : N.A.
(d) if not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof : N.A.

(iv) the expenditure incurred on Research and Development : Nil

(C) FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:-

Foreign Exchange Earnings: Rs. 7,02,601,356.96/-
Foreign Exchange Outgoes: Rs. 7,16,326/-

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 the Board of Directors of the Company states that: -

(a) In the preparation of annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures.

(b) The Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the loss of the Company for that period.

(c) The Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;

(d) The Directors have prepared the annual accounts ongoing concern basis.

(e) The Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

SECRETARIAL STANDARDS:

The Board of Directors of the company have complied with applicable Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT AT WORKPLACE:

The Company is committed to provide a safe and conducive work environment to its employees during the year under review. An Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. Your Directors further state that during the year under review, there were no cases filed pursuant to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS:

During the financial year 2021-22, the company has not made any changes in the nature of its business.

REMUNERATION POLICY:
The company has adopted a remuneration policy of directors and senior management personnel, detailing inter alia the procedure for director appointment and remuneration including the criteria for determining qualification.

The policy ensures that (a) the level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract , retain, and motivate the directors of the quality require to run the company successfully ; (b) relationship of remuneration to the performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks; and (c) remuneration to directors and key managerial personnel and senior management involves a balance fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the company and its goal. The policy has been approved by the nomination and remuneration committee and the board. The remuneration policy document as approved by the board is uploaded on the company's website www.rajgorproteins.com.

CHANGES IN REGISTERED OFFICE ADDRESS:

During the year Company has not shifted its registered office at any other location.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY:

Corporate Social Responsibility as per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Company during the Financial Year 2021-22.

MAINTENANCE OF COST RECORDS:

The Company has maintained the all cost records prescribed under section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder.

OTHER DISCLOSURES:
Except the information / details / disclosures of the Company mentioned in the earlier paragraphs for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022, other disclosure requirements in terms of the provisions of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013, are presently not applicable to the Company.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:
The Board takes this opportunity to acknowledge with deep sense of gratitude for the continued support extended by all concerned.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors,
For, RAJGOR PROTEINS LIMITED,

Date: 03/09/2022
Place: Ahmedabad

Rahulkumar Rajgor	**Zenishaben Rajgor**
Chairman and Whole-time Director	**Managing Director**
DIN: 09010508	**DIN: 08743879**

DEV GREEN

Annexure-A to Director's Report

FORM NO. AOC -2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

Form for Disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transaction under third proviso thereto.

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at Arm's length basis.

All contracts/arrangements entered into by the Company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 are at arms' length basis.

2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis:

Name of Related Party (As mentioned in AS -18)	Nature of relationship	Nature of Contract / agreement / transactions	Duration of contracts / agreements / transactions	Salient terms of contracts or agreements, or transactions including the value, if any	Date of approval by the Board, if any	Amount paid as advances, if any
Brijesh Trading & Co.	Relative of Director is the Proprietor of the Firm	Purchase and sale of Goods	Financial Year 2021-22	N.A.	As per note below	As per note below
Rajgor Castor Derivatives Limited	Relative of Director is the Director and Promoter of the RCDL.	Lease Rentals and Sale of Goods	Financial Year 2021-22	N.A.	As per note below	As per note below
Rajgor Industries Private Limited	Relative of Director is the Director and Promoter of the RIPL.	Inter Corporate Borrowings	Financial Year 2021-22	N.A.	As per note below	As per note below
Chirag Trading Co.	Relative of Director is the Proprietor of the Firm	Purchase and Sale of Goods	Financial Year 2021-22	N.A.	As per note below	As per note below
Rahulbhai V Rajgor	Director and Promoter of the Company	Purchase of Land	Financial Year 2021-22	N.A.	As per note below	As per note below
Kiranben M Rajgor	Director and Promoter of the Company	Purchase of Land	Financial Year 2021-22	N.A.	As per note below	As per note below
Arshadali Mahammadali Saiyad	CFO of the Company	Sale of Goods	Financial Year 2021-22	N.A.	As per note below	As per note below
Anilkumar V	Relative of	Sale of	Financial	N.A.	As per note	As per

DEV GREEN

Rajgor	Directors and Promoters of the Company	Goods	Year 2021-22		below	note below
Arjun M Rajgor	Relative of Directors and Promoters of the Company	Purchase of Land	Financial Year 2021-22	N.A.	As per note below	As per note below
Brijeshkumar V Rajgor	Relative of Directors and Promoters of the Company	Purchase of Land	Financial Year 2021-22	N.A.	As per note below	As per note below
Maheshbhai S Rajgor	Relative of Directors and Promoters of the Company	Purchase of Land and sale of Goods	Financial Year 2021-22	N.A.	As per note below	As per note below
Pareshkumar V Rajgor	Relative of Directors and Promoters of the Company	Sale of Goods	Financial Year 2021-22	N.A.	As per note below	As per note below
Shankarlal K Rajgor	Relative of Directors and Promoters of the Company	Sale of Goods	Financial Year 2021-22	N.A.	As per note below	As per note below
Vasantkumar S Rajgor	Relative of Directors and Promoters of the Company	Purchase of Land and sale of Goods	Financial Year 2021-22	N.A.	As per note below	As per note below
Induben V Rajgor	Relative of Directors and Promoters of the Company	Purchase of Land	Financial Year 2021-22	N.A.	As per note below	As per note below
Dharaben M Rajgor	Relative of Directors and Promoters of the Company	Purchase of Land	Financial Year 2021-22	N.A.	As per note below	As per note below
Pinalben V Rajgor	Relative of Directors and Promoters of the Company	Purchase of Land	Financial Year 2021-22	N.A.	As per note below	As per note below

Note: Appropriate approvals have been taken for related party transactions wherever required. No amount was paid as advance.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors,
For, RAJGOR PROTEINS LIMITED,

Date: 03/09/2022
Place: Ahmedabad

____________________ __________________

Rahulkumar Rajgor — **Chairman and Whole-time Director** — **DIN: 09010508**

Zenishaben Rajgor — **Managing Director** — **DIN: 08743879**

<u>**Annexure-B to Director's Report**</u>

Form No. MR-3
SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED March 31, 2020
[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

TO,
THE MEMBERS,
RAJGOR PROTEINS LIMITED
CIN- U24100GJ2000PLC037426
808, TITANIUM ONE,
NR. PAKWAN CROSS ROAD, NR. SHABRI WATER WORKS,
S.G. HIGHWAY, BODAKDEV,
AHMEDABAD -380015.

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by M/s Rajgor Proteins Limited (hereinafter called the company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2022 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2022 according to the provisions of:

1) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made thereunder;
2) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the Rules made thereunder;
3) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
4) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings- Not Applicable;
5) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'): (Not Applicable as the shares of the Company are not listed on any Stock Exchange)

   (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
   (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations 2015;
   (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009;

(d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employees Benefits) Regulations, 2014;
(e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations,2008;
(f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
(g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009;
(h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy Back of Securities) Regulations, 1998;

We have also examined compliance with the applicable Standards / Clauses / Regulations of the following:

i. Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of the Company Secretaries of India (ICSI) and made effective from time to time.
ii. The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with the Stock Exchanges. (Not Applicable as the shares of the Company are not listed on any Stock Exchange)

During the audit period under review the Company has majorly complied with all material aspects of the applicable provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

We further report that:
During the audit period under review there were no specific laws which were exclusively applicable to the Company/ Industry. However having regard to the Compliance system prevailing in the Company and on examination of relevant documents and records on test - check basis, the Company has complied with the material aspects of the following significant laws applicable to the Company being engaged in the Manufacturing and trading as well as in Export activities:

1. Foreign Trade Policy
2. Major Port Trusts Act, 1963
3. The Airports Economic Regulatory Authority of India Act, 2008
4. Gafta Rules and Regulations.

We further report that:
The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non- Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of Board took place during the year under review were carried out in compliance of the provisions of Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors at least seven days in advance to schedule the Board Meetings and agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent well in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Decisions at the meetings of Board of Directors / Committees of the Company were carried unanimously. We were informed that there were no dissenting views of the members' on any of the matters during the year that were required to be captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that:
Based on the review of compliance mechanism established by the Company, the information provided by the Company, its officers and authorized representatives during the conduct of the audit and compliance certificate(s) placed before the Board Meeting, there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable general laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that:
The Compliance by the Company of the applicable financial laws like Direct and Indirect Tax laws, has not been reviewed in this Audit since the same have been subject to the review by the Statutory Auditor(s) and other designated professionals.

Place : Ahmedabad
Date : 03.09.2022

For, Shah & Santoki Associates
Company Secretaries

Ajit M. Santoki
Practicing Company Secretary
(Partner)
FCS No.: 4189 C. P. No.: 2539
UDIN: F004189D000905848

Note:-

1. This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure –I and forms an integral part of this report.

2. We have examined the requisites documents as provided by the management of the Company. The management has confirmed that the records submitted to us are true and correct.

Annexure-I

TO,
THE MEMBERS,
RAJGOR PROTEINS LIMITED
CIN- U24100GJ2000PLC037426
808, TITANIUM ONE,
NR. PAKWAN CROSS ROAD, NR. SHABRI WATER WORKS,
S.G. HIGHWAY, BODAKDEV,
AHMEDABAD -380015.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter:

1. Maintenance of Secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of secretarial records. The verification was done with respect to the complete secretarial records to ensure that correct facts are reflected therein. We believe that the processes and practices, we follow provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and books of accounts of the company.
4. Wherever required, we have obtained the management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of the provision of other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to verification of various procedures on test check basis.
6. The secretarial audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

Place : Ahmedabad
Date : 03.09.2022

For, Shah & Santoki Associates
Company Secretaries

Ajit M. Santoki
Practicing Company Secretary
(Partner)
FCS No.: 4189 C. P. No.: 2539
UDIN: F004189D000905848

Independent Auditor's Report

To,
The Board of Directors of
Rajgor Proteins Limited
808, Titanium One, Nr. Pakwan Cross Road,
Nr. Shabri Water Works, S.G Highway, Bodakdev
Ahmedabad, Gujarat – 380015

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **RAJGOR PROTEINS LIMITED.** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at **March 31, 2022**, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of changes in equity, the Cashflow Statement for the year ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of Significant Accounting policies and other explanatory information. (Hereinafter referred to as the financial statements).

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, and its profit, total comprehensive income, the changes in equity and cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards on auditing specified under section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the code of ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the code of ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

Annexure of Financial Statements of the Company: -

Sr. No	Particulars	Annexure
1.	Restated Ind AS summary statement of Assets and Liabilities	Annexure I
2.	Restated Ind AS summary statement of Profit and Loss	Annexure II
3.	Restated Ind AS Summary statement of Cash flows	Annexure III
4.	Restated Ind AS Summary Statement of changes in equity	Annexure IV
5.	Notes Forming Part of the Restated Ind AS financial information – Significant Accounting Policies	Annexure V (A)
6.	Reconciliation of Restated Equity/Net Worth	Annexure V (B)
7.	Reconciliation of Restated Profit	Annexure V (C)
8.	Notes Forming Part of the Restated Ind AS financial information (Note 1 to 37)	Annexure VI
9.	Other Financial Information as Restated	Annexure VII

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key Audit Matters	**How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matters**
As disclosed in Para 3 of Annexure V(A), Annexure V(B) and Annexure V(C) to the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements, the company has adopted Indian Accounting Standards notified under section 133 of the Act, read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 ("Ind AS") with effect from 1 April, 2021 (1 April, 2019 being the transition date) and prepared the first set of Standalone Financial Statements under Ind AS framework in the current year. This change in the financial reporting framework required an evaluation of the potential impact on the components of the financial statement. This process also required the management to apply significant judgements to identify and elect appropriate accounting policies suitable for various transactions and balances relating to	We obtained adequate and appropriate audit evidences by performing additional procedure which included, but not limited to, the following: ▪ Obtained an understanding of management's processes and controls around adoption of Ind AS. We sought explanations from the management for areas involving complex judgments or interpretations to assess its appropriateness. ▪ Examined the implementation of exemptions availed and options chosen by the Company in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 101, First Time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS 101). ▪ Examined the accounting policies adopted by the Company on transition to Ind AS and assessed its appropriateness on basis of our understanding of the entity and its operations and the requirements of relevant accounting standards under the Ind AS framework.

the operations of the Company including electing of available options for transition of balances as at transition date to the Ind AS framework. Considering the significance of the transition, the complexities and the efforts involved, this matter has been determined as a key audit matter for the year under audit.	▪ Examined whether the presentation and disclosures in the financial statements are in accordance with the requirements of the applicable standards and regulatory requirements. ▪ Examined the appropriateness and adequacy of disclosures with respect to the reconciliations prepared and presented by the management in the financial statements in accordance with Ind AS 101.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company's management and Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provision of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting the frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial control, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the **Companies Act, 2013**, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the **<u>Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020</u>** ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give a statement on the matters Specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

   a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

   b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.

   c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.

   d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014**.**

   e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors , taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2022, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.

   f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in 'Annexure-B'; Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting and

   g) With respect to other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

      - The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.

      - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.

      - There were no amounts which required to be transferred by the Company to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.

      - (i) The management of the company has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief to the Standalone Financial Statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate Beneficiaries.

        (ii) The management of the company has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief to the Standalone Financial Statements, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

(iii) Based on the audit procedures that we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under d(i) and d(ii) above, contain any material misstatement.

- The company has not declared or paid any dividend

3. With respect to the matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

   In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the current year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act. The remuneration paid to any director is not in excess of the limit laid down under Section 197 of the Act. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under Section 197(16) of the Act which are required to be commented upon by us.

For M A A K & Associates
Chartered Accountants

(CA Kenan Satyawadi)
PARTNER
M. NO.: - 139533
FIRM REGI. NO.: - 135024W
PLACE: - AHMEDABAD
DATE: - 16/08/2022
UDIN: -22139533AVMIRX9935

ANNEXURE TO AUDITORS' REPORT

The Annexure referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our Report of even date to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the period ended **31st March, 2022**, we report that:

(i)

a. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of the Property, Plant and Equipment.

   The Company is also maintaining proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.

b. As explained to us, the management during the year has physically verified all the fixed assets. According to the information and explanations given to us, there is a regular program of verification which, in our opinion is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.

c. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties are in the name of the company.

d. The company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment or intangible assets or both during the year.

e. No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act,1988 and rules made thereunder.

(ii)

a. As explained to us, the inventories of Finished Goods, Stores & Consumables, Green leaf were physically verified at regular intervals by the Management.

b. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the procedures of physical verification of inventories followed by the Management were reasonable and adequate in relation to the size of the Company and the nature of its business and

c. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has maintained proper records of its inventories and no material discrepancies were noticed on physical verification of stocks as compared to book records.

(iii) The Company has not granted unsecured loans to companies, firms or other parties covered in the Register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore, paragraph 3 (iii) of the order is not applicable.

(iv) In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us and representations made by the Management, the Company has not given any loans, or provided guarantees, securities, to the parties covered under section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013. Company has also complied with the provisions of section 186 of the companies act in relation to investments made and loans given.

(v) The company has not accepted any deposits or amounts from the public and hence provisions of section 73 to 76 of the Act with regard to the deposits accepted from the public are not applicable to the company.

(vi) As per books of records, produced before us and explanation offered thereon, we are of the opinion that, prima facie, the cost records and accounts prescribed by the Central Government under Sub-Section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been made and maintained.

(vii)

a. According to the records of the company and information and explanations given to us, the Company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employee's state insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Goods and services tax, duty of customs, Value Added Tax, Cess, Goods and other material statutory dues applicable to it. with the appropriate authorities.

b. According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Income-tax, GST and other material statutory dues in arrears were outstanding as at **31st March, 2022** for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(viii) According to the records and information provided to us, there were no such transactions occurred during the year, which was not recorded and have been surrendered or disclosed during the year in tax assessment under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

(ix)

a. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.

b. The Company is not declared as willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.

c. According to the information and explanation provided to us, there were no term loan raised during the year.

d. As per our opinion, there is no funds raised on short-term basis, which have been utilized for long term purposes by the company.

e. The Company has no Subsidiary, associates or joint ventures; hence no such funds are taken from any entity or person.

f. As there is no Subsidiary, associates or joint ventures of Company, no such pledge of securities done for raising any loan.

(x)

a. In our opinion and according to information provided to us, the Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (Including Debt Instruments) and term loans during the year.

b. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has made right issue of 1,02,18,749 shares of Face Value of Rs. 10,21,87,490 having premium of Rs. 3,73,12,494/- and preferential allotment or private placement of 1,57,20,000 Shares of face value of Rs. 15,72,00,000 having premium of Rs. 27,00,00,000 and no fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.

(xi)

a. During the course of our examination of books and records of the Company carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practice in India and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the company or on the company by its officers or employees have been noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of such case by the Management.

b. As there is no fraud found or reported during the year, no report under section 143(12) of the Companies Act has been filed by the Auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.

c. As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.

(xii) In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.

(xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the Indian accounting standards.

(xiv) In our opinion and based on our examination, the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business. We have considered the internal audit reports of the company issued till date, for the period under audit, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.

(xv) According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has entered into non-cash transactions of Rs. 534.60 Lacs against the issue of equity shares of Rs 10 each at premium of Rs. 30 with the director of the company and the connected persons related to director by acquisition of land against shares of the company, which in our opinion is covered under the provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, and for which approval is obtained by company by passing Resolution at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the shareholders as on 21st December, 2021 and by passing Resolution of the board of directors as on 30th December, 2021

(xvi)

a. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us the company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

b. The company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank as per Reserve Bank of India Act,1934.

c. The company is not a Core Investment Company, hence reporting under clause (xvi)(c) is not applicable.

d. There is no such Group of Core Investment Company.

(xvii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, company has not incurred any cash losses during the year and in the immediately preceding financial year. Accordingly, the clause 3(xvii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xviii) There has been resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company M/s R.B. Tanna & Co., Chartered Accountants (FRN – 110805W), vide their letter dated 07/03/2022 due to non-availability of Peer Review Certificate with them, resulting in a casual vacancy in the office of Statutory Auditor of the Company as per Section 139(8) of Companies Act, 2013. The Company has appointed M/s M A A K & Associates (FRN – 135024W) as statutory auditor of the company in its Board of Directors meeting held on 21st March, 2022 till the conclusion of next general meeting of the Company, to fill the casual vacancy caused by the resignation of M/s R.B. Tanna & Co. The appointment of statutory auditor has been approved by the members at the EGM held on 21st March, 2022. We have taken into consideration the all issues, objections or concerns raised by the outgoing auditors.

(xix) In our opinion and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, the auditor's knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans there is no such uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.

(xx) As per the information and explanation given to us the requirement of section 135 is not applicable to the company.

(xxi) With respect to the adequacy of the information, explanation provided and the operating effectiveness of the company, there is no qualifications or adverse remarks by the auditor in the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order reports.

ANNEXURE B: TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-Section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013

Opinion

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Rajgor Proteins Limited (Formerly Known as RAJGOR PROTEINS PRIVATE LIMITED) ("the Company") as of 31st March 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the period ended on that date.

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31st March 2022, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the Guidance Note) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act").

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and whether such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's Internal Financial Control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. A company's Internal Financial Control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company
2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and
3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the Internal Financial Control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For M A A K & Associates
Chartered Accountants

(CA Kenan Satyawadi)

PARTNER
M. NO.: - 139533
FIRM REGI. NO.: - 135024W
PLACE: - AHMEDABAD
DATE: - 16/08/2022
UDIN: -22139533AVMIRX9935

RAJGOR PROTEINS LIMITED

(Formerly Known as RAJGOR PROTEINS PRIVATE LIMITED)

Annexure : I

IND AS SUMMARY STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES **(Rs in Lacs)**

Particulars	Notes	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
I. ASSETS				
(1) Non-current assets				
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	1	1453.12	217.00	-
(b) Right of Use Assets	2	757.73	-	-
(c) Capital work-in-progress		-	-	-
(d) Investment Property		-	-	-
(e) Goodwill		-	-	-
(f) Other Intangible assets		-	-	-
(g) Intangible assets under development		-	-	-
(h) Biological Assets other than bearer plants		-	-	-
(i) Financial Assets				
(i) Investments	3	37.64	25.00	-
(ii) Trade Receivables		-	-	-
(iii) Loans		-	-	-
(iv) Others Financial Assets	4	251.84	-	-
(j) Deferred tax assets (net)	28	7.25	1.09	-
(k) Other non-current assets	5	0.92	-	-
Total Non-current Assets		**2508.50**	**243.09**	**-**
(2) Current assets				
(a) Inventories	6	3068.41	1440.72	1.40
(b) Financial Assets				
(i) Investments		-	-	-
(ii) Trade Receivables	7	2984.60	272.56	1.35
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	8	414.25	50.29	41.32
(iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above		-	-	-
(v) Loans		-	-	-
(vi) Others Financial Assets	9	358.57	1.71	-
(c) Current Tax Assets (Net)	10	52.97	16.23	-
(d) Other current assets	11	2374.25	717.00	0.06
Total Current Assets		**9253.06**	**2498.52**	**44.13**
Total Assets		**11761.56**	**2741.60**	**44.13**
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Equity				
(a) Equity Share capital	SOCE	2693.87	100.00	1.00
(b) Other Equity	SOCE	3563.14	459.95	(1.99)
Total Equity		**6257.01**	**559.95**	**(0.99)**
Liabilities				
(1) Non-Current Liabilities				
(a) Financial Liabilities				
(i) Borrowings	12	500.00	-	-
(ia) Lease Liabilities	13	670.94	-	-
(ii) Trade payables		-	-	-
(iii) Other financial liabilities	14	161.04	-	-
(b) Provisions	15	8.65	-	-
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)		-	-	-
(d) Other non-current liabilities		-	-	-
Total Non-Current Liabilities		**1340.63**	**-**	**-**
(2) Current Liabilities				
(a) Financial Liabilities				
(i) Borrowings	16	1570.25	984.39	-
(ia) Lease Liabilities	13	100.92	-	-
(ii) Trade payables	17	1583.85	1158.07	44.80
(iii) Other financial liabilities			-	-
(b) Other current liabilities	18	713.40	19.31	-
(c) Provisions	19	195.51	19.88	0.33
(d) Current tax liabilities (Net)				
Total Current Liabilities		**4163.92**	**2181.65**	**45.13**
Total Equity and Liabilities		**11761.56**	**2741.60**	**44.13**

See accompanying notes in Annexure VI to the financial statements

In terms of our report attached

For M A A K & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No :135024W

For and on behalf of the Board of directors of Rajgor Proteins Limited

CA Kenan Satyawadi	**Kiranben Rajgor**	**Rahulkumar Rajgor**	**Parin Shah**	**Arshadali Mahammadali Saiyad**
Partner	Director	Director	Company Secretary	Chief Finance Officer
M. No. :- 139533	DIN 08743617	DIN 09010508		
Place :- Ahmedabad	**Place :- Ahmedabad**			
Date :- 16/08/2022	**Date :- 16/08/2022**			

RAJGOR PROTEINS LIMITED

(Formerly Known as RAJGOR PROTEINS PRIVATE LIMITED)

Annexure : II

IND AS SUMMARY STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS **(Rs in Lacs)**

Particulars	Notes	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
I. Revenue from operations	20	65950.00	22175.08	845.02
II. Other Income	21	187.65	0.04	0.01
III. Total Revenue (I +II)		**66137.66**	**22175.12**	**845.03**
IV. Expenses:				
Cost of Raw materials consumed	22	56910.18	22455.27	-
Purchase of Stock-in-Trade	23	5456.68	-	844.39
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and Stock-in-Trade	24	29.35	(1120.36)	(1.40)
Employee benefit expense	25	106.28	51.35	-
Financial costs	26	248.49	38.21	0.36
Depreciation and amortization expense	1,2	206.95	71.77	-
Other expenses	27	2528.84	612.00	0.60
Total Expenses		**65486.78**	**22108.24**	**843.96**
V. Profit before exceptional items and tax (III - IV)		650.88	66.88	1.08
VI. Exceptional Items		-	-	-
IX. Profit before tax (VII - VIII)		650.88	66.88	1.08
X. Tax expense:	28			
(1) Current tax		179.30	19.05	0.18
(2) Deferred tax Libility (Asset)		1.55	(1.09)	-
Total Tax Expense		180.85	17.96	0.18
XI. Profit/(Loss) for the period		470.03	48.92	0.90
Other Comprehensive Income				
Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or loss in Subsequent Periods		-	-	-
Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or loss in Subsequent Periods		-	-	-
Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss) (Net of Tax)		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the period / year		-	-	-
Earning per equity share (for continuing operation)				
(1) Basic	Ann. VII	1.74	4.89	9.00
(2) Diluted		-	-	-

See accompanying notes in Annexure VI to the financial statements

In terms of our report attached

For M A A K & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No :135024W

For and on behalf of the Board of directors of Rajgor Proteins Limited

CA Kenan Satyawadi	**Kiranben Rajgor**	**Rahulkumar Rajgor**	**Parin Shah**	**Arshadali Mahammadali Saiyad**
Partner	Director	Director	Company Secretary	Chief Finance Officer
M. No. :- 139533	DIN 08743617	DIN 09010508		
Place :- Ahmedabad	**Place :- Ahmedabad**			
Date :- 16/08/2022	**Date :- 16/08/2022**			

RAJGOR PROTEINS LIMITED

(Formerly Known as RAJGOR PROTEINS PRIVATE LIMITED)

Annexure : III

IND AS SUMMARY STATEMENT OF CASHFLOW STATEMENT **(Rs in Lacs)**

PARTICULARS	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Net profit / (loss) after taxation	470.03	48.92	0.90
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation & other amortized expenses	206.95	71.77	-
Impairment on Trade Receivable under ECL	2.72	-	-
Share Issue Expense	1.91	-	-
Gain on Derivative Assets (M2M)	(11.05)	-	-
Unrealised Foreign Exchange Loss / (Gain)	(4.30)	-	-
Finance Costs	248.49	38.21	0.36
Provision for Taxation	179.30	19.05	0.18
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Assets)	1.55	(1.09)	-
Net Profit before Working Capital Changes	1095.60	176.86	1.44
Changes in Working Capital			
Decrease/ (increase) in inventories	(1627.69)	(1439.32)	(1.40)
Decrease/ (increase) in trade receivables	(2710.46)	(271.21)	(0.70)
Decrease/ (increase) in loans	-	-	-
Decrease/ (increase) in Current Tax Assets	(36.74)	(16.23)	-
Decrease/ (increase) in other current financial assets	(345.81)	(1.71)	-
Decrease/ (increase) in other current non-financial assets	(1657.25)	(716.94)	(0.06)
Decrease/ (increase) in other non-current financial assets	(251.84)	-	-
Decrease/ (increase) in other non-current non-financial assets	(0.92)	-	-
(Decrease)/ increase in Provisions	23.64	0.68	
(Decrease)/ increase in trade payables	425.78	1113.27	39.38
(Decrease)/ increase in Lease Liabilities	871.22	34.75	
(Decrease)/ increase in other current financial liabilities	-	-	-
(Decrease)/ increase in other current non financial liabilities	694.08	19.31	-
Other Equity adjustments			
Cash generated from operating activities	(3520.38)	(1100.54)	38.66
Income Tax Paid	(18.66)	(0.18)	-
Net cash generated from operating activities (A)	**(3539.04)**	**(1100.72)**	**38.66**
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payment for Property, Plant, Equipment ,ROU Assets and Intangible Assets (Including Capital Work in Progress, Capital Advance, Capital Creditor and Retention Money)	(2200.80)	(288.76)	-
Proceeds from Sale of Property, Plant and equipment	-	-	-
Investment made in Equity Shares	(12.64)	(25.00)	-
Net cash used in Investing activities (B)	**(2213.44)**	**(313.76)**	**-**
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from Issue of Share Capital	2593.87	99.00	-
Non-Refundable Share Application Money (Pending Allotment)	(413.03)	413.03	-
Share Issue Expense	(1.91)	-	-
Repayment of Lease Liability (otherthan finance cost)	(99.36)	(34.75)	
Proceeds / (Repayment) of borrowings	585.85	984.39	-
Finance Cost (incl Interest on Lease Liab.)	(248.49)	(38.21)	(0.36)
Increase in Securities Premium	3038.47	-	-
Net Cash used in Financing Activities (C)	**5455.40**	**1423.46**	**(0.36)**

Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	**(297.08)**	**8.97**	**38.29**
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	50.29	41.32	3.03
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	**(246.78)**	**50.29**	**41.32**
Cash and cash equivalents comprise			
Balances with banks	-	-	-
On current accounts	333.85	13.67	38.39
Fixed deposits with maturity of less than 3 months	-	-	-
Cash on hand	80.41	36.62	2.93
Total cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	**414.25**	**50.29**	**41.32**

Disclosure Requirements as per Ind As - 7:

Note 1 : Changes in liability arising from financing activities

	1-Apr-21	Cash Flows		31-Mar-22
		Receipts	Payments	
Current Borrowings	984.39	585.85	-	1570.25
Non - Current Borrowings	-	-	-	-
Total	**984.39**	**585.85**	**-**	**1570.25**

	1-Apr-20	Cash Flows		31-Mar-21
		Receipts	Payments	
Current Borrowings	-	984.39	-	984.39
Non - Current Borrowings	-	-	-	-
Total	**-**	**984.39**	**-**	**984.39**

	1-Apr-19	Cash Flows		31-Mar-20
		Receipts	Payments	
Current Borrowings	-	-	-	-
Non - Current Borrowings	-	-	-	-
Total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**

In terms of our report attached

For M A A K & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No :135024W

CA Kenan Satyawadi
Partner

M. No. :- 139533

Place :- Ahmedabad
Date :- 16/08/2022

For and on behalf of the Board of directors of Rajgor Proteins Limited

Kiranben Rajgor	**Kiranben Rajgor**	**Parin Shah**	**Arshadali Mahammadali Saiyad**
Director	Director	Company Secretary	Chief Finance Officer
DIN 08743617	DIN 08743617		

Place :- Ahmedabad
Date :- 16/08/2022

RAJGOR PROTEINS LIMITED

(Formerly Known as RAJGOR PROTEINS PRIVATE LIMITED)

Annexure : IV

IND AS SUMMARY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

PART : A EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

(a) Statement of Share Capital **(Rs in Lacs)**

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
AUTHORISED			
At the Beginning of the Year			
(50,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each)	500.00	-	-
(50,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each)	-	5.00	5.00
Increase / Decrease during the year			
(2,20,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each)	2200.00	-	-
(49,50,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each)	-	495.00	-
At the End of the Year	**2700.00**	**500.00**	**5.00**
ISSUED			
2,69,38,749 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	2693.87	-	-
(10,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each)	-	100.00	-
(10,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each)	-	-	1.00
SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP			
2,69,38,749 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	2693.87	-	-
(10,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each)	-	100.00	-
(10,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each)	-	-	1.00
	2693.87	100.00	1.00

Rights, Preferences and Restrictions attached to equity shares:

The Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 each. The Shareholders are entitled to receive dividend in proportion to the amount of paid up equity shares held by them. The Company has not declared any dividend during the year. Each shareholder is entitled to vote in proportion to his share of paid up equity share capital of the Company, except in case of voting by show of hands where each shareholder present in person shall have one vote only. Voting rights cannot be exercised in respect of shares on which any call or other sums presently payable have not been paid. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion of the number of shares held by the shareholders.

Shares held by Holding/Ultimate Holding/Subsidiaries and Associates of Holding & Ultimate Holding Companies: The Company does not have any holding or ultimate holding Company as at 31st March, 2022.

(b) Reconciliation of the Number of Shares outstanding **(in absolute numbers)**

Particulars	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
No.of Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	10,00,000	10,000	10,000
No Shares Issued during the year	2,59,38,749	9,90,000	-
No Shares bought back during the year	-	-	-
No Shares outstanding at the end of the year	2,69,38,749	10,00,000	10,000

(c) Shareholders holding more than 5% equity share capital in the company **(in absolute numbers)**

Name of Shareholder	(in terms of %) 31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020	(in terms of No of Shares) 31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Zenishaben A Rajgor	13.25%	15%	15%	35,69,692	1,50,000	1,500
Kiranben M Rajgor	8.92%	12%	12%	24,03,319	1,20,000	1,200
Jagrutiben P Rajgor	8.27%	10%	10%	22,28,950	1,00,000	1,000
Induben V Rajgor	6.31%	10%	10%	16,99,805	1,00,000	1,000
Vasudev K Rajgor	2.01%	10%	10%	5,41,250	1,00,000	1,000
Vasantkumar S Rajgor	3.29%	10%	10%	8,86,285	1,00,000	1,000
Maheshkumar S Rajgor	3.80%	12%	12%	10,22,676	1,20,000	1,200
Pareshkumar V Rajgor	6.17%	10%	10%	16,61,624	1,00,000	1,000
Rahulkumar Rajgor	5.93%	-	-	15,96,698	-	-
Ashutosh Maniar	6.50%	-	-	17,50,000	-	-

(d) Details of promoters holding shares **(in absolute numbers)**

Name of Shareholder	(in terms of %) 31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020	31st Mar., 2019	(in terms of No of Shares) 31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Rahulkumar V Rajgor	5.93%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	15,96,698	30,000	300
Rajgor Kiranben Maheshkumar	8.92%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	24,03,319	1,20,000	1,200
Rajgor Zenishaben Anilkumar	13.25%	15.00%	15.00%	15.00%	35,69,692	1,50,000	1,500

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

PART : B OTHER EQUITY (Rs in Lacs)

PARTICULARS	RESERVES AND SURPLUS			OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
	RETAINED EARNINGS	SECURITIES PREMIUM	SHARE APPLICATION MONEY PENDING ALLOTMENT	CASHFLOW HEDGE RESERVES	REVALUATION SURPLUS	TOTAL
Balance as at 01st April 2019	(2.89)	-	-			(2.89)
Restated Profit or Loss	0.90	-	-	-	-	0.90
Total Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March 2020	(1.99)	-				(1.99)
Restated Profit or Loss	48.92	-	-	-	-	48.92
Total Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Money Received	-	-	413.03	-	-	413.03
Balance as at 31st March 2021	46.92	-	413.03			459.95
Restated Profit or Loss	470.03	-	-	-	-	470.03
Fresh Issue of Share Capital	-	3073.12	(413.03)	-	-	
Application Money Paid back		-	(0.00)			
Utilisation / Reversal during Year		(34.65)				
Impact on Deferred Tax		7.71				
Total Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March 2022	516.95	3046.19	-	-	-	3563.14

In terms of our report attached

For M A A K & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No :135024W	**For and on behalf of the Board of directors of Rajgor Proteins Limited**			
CA Kenan Satyawadi Partner M. No. :- 139533	**Kiranben Rajgor** Director DIN 08743617	**Rahulkumar Rajgor** Director DIN 09010508	**Parin Shah** Company Secretary	**Arshadali Mahammadali Saiyad** Chief Finance Officer
Place :- Ahmedabad **Date :- 16/08/2022**	**Place :- Ahmedabad** **Date :- 16/08/2022**			

Notes Forming Part of the Financial Information Annexure – V(A)

1. COMPANY OVERVIEW

Company was converted from a Private limited company to a Public Limited Company, pursuant to a special resolution passed by our Shareholders at the EGM held on August 19, 2021 and the name of our Company was changed to 'Rajgor Proteins Limited' ("the Company"). Consequently, a fresh certificate of incorporation was issued by the ROC on October 14, 2021.

The Company is domiciled in India and is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India. The registered office of Company is located at 808, Titanium One, Nr. Pakwan Cross Road, Nr. Shabri Water Works, S.G Highway, Bodakdev, Ahmedabad, Gujarat – 380015 bearing CIN No: U24100GJ2000PLC037426.

Company is engaged in Manufacturing and Selling of Castor Seed Oil, Castor DOC, Edible Oil, Spices packing etc. Company is making sales of its agro products in both local and global markets.

The Company was incorporated as private limited company under Companies Act, 1956 under the name Parth Prakashan Private Limited subsequently changed the name as "Rajgor Castor Private Limited" (Date: 18/04/2017) and "Rajgor Proteins Private Limited" (Date: - 23/10/2020) and subsequently converted to Public Limited Company "Rajgor Proteins Limited" (Date: - 14/10/2021)

The Company's Ind AS Summary Statements for the period/year ended 31 March 2022, 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020 were approved for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on August 16, 2022.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Significant accounting policies adopted by the Company are as under:

2.1 Basis of Preparation Financial Statements

Statement of compliance with Ind AS

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (Act) read with of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act. The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financials.

The Financial Information of the Company comprises:

- Ind AS Statement of Assets and Liabilities as at 31 March, 2022, 31 March, 2021 and 31 March, 2020,
- Ind AS Statement of Profit and Loss (incl. other comprehensive income),
- Ind AS Cash Flow Statement,
- Summary of Statement of Changes in Equity and
- The Summary Statement of Significant of Accounting Policies and Other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March, 2022, 31 March, 2021 and 31 March, 2020; (Collectively the "**Ind AS Summary Statements**"), as approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting.

Statement of First Time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards

These financial statements have been prepared after considering the following steps in its opening Ind AS balance sheet as per Ind AS -101, First-time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards

- Recognized all assets and liabilities whose recognition is required by Ind AS
- Not recognized items as assets or liabilities if Ind AS not permit such recognition

- Reclassify items that it recognized in accordance with previous GAAP as one type of asset, liability or component of equity but are a different type of equity, but are a different type of asset, liability or component of equity in accordance with Ind AS, and
- Apply Ind AS in measuring all recognized assets and liabilities.

All the assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per Company's operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 Based on the nature of products and the time between acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

2.2 Basis of Measurement

The financial statements of the company are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS), under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), except for:

- Financial instruments – measured at fair value;
- Asset & liabilities recognized under Ind AS 116

Classification into current and non-current:

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current / non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- It is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the Company's normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- It is expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- It is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.
- All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- It is expected to be settled in the Company's normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of being traded
- It is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.
- All other liabilities are classified as non-current.
- Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current only.

Functional and Presentation Currency

The Financial Statements have been presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in INR has been rounded off to the nearest two decimals of Lakh, unless otherwise stated.

2.3 Use of Estimates, Assumptions and Judgements

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets, liabilities and the accompanying disclosure, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Such judgments, estimates and associated assumptions are evaluated based on historical experience and various other factors, including estimation of the effects of uncertain future events, which are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment of the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future. The management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable.

Estimates and assumptions:

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

a) Fair Value Measurement of Financial Instruments

In estimating the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, the Company uses market observable data to the extent available. Where such Level-I inputs are not available, the Company establishes appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the Model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable market where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as Liquidity Risk, Credit Risk and Volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

b) Income Taxes

The Company's tax jurisdiction is India. Significant judgments are involved in estimating budgeted profits for the purpose of paying advance tax, determining the provision for income taxes, including amount expected to be paid/recovered for uncertain tax positions. Significant management judgment is also required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies, including estimates of temporary differences reversing on account of available benefits under respective country taxation laws.

c) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of non-financial assets, other than inventories and deferred tax assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Each Cash Generating Unit (CGU) represents the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in statement of profit and loss. Impairment loss recognized in respect of a CGU is allocated to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets of the CGU (or group of CGUs) on a pro rata basis.

Assets (other than goodwill) for which impairment loss has been recognized in prior periods, the Company reviews at each reporting date whether there is any indication that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash- generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in statement of profit and loss.

d) Useful Life of Property, Plant and Equipment

Determination of the estimated useful life of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets and the assessment as to which components of the cost may be capitalized. Useful life of these assets is based on the life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 or based on technical estimates, taking into account the Company’s historical experience with similar assets, nature of the asset, estimated usage, expected residual values and operating conditions of the asset. Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable/ amortizable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets. The depreciation / amortization for future periods is revised if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

e) Determination of lease term & discount rate

Ind AS 116 Leases requires lessee to determine the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease adjusted with any option to extend or terminate the lease, if the use of such option is reasonably certain. The Company makes assessment on the expected lease term on lease-by-lease basis and thereby assesses whether it is reasonably certain that any options to extend or terminate the contract will be exercised. In evaluating the lease term, the Company considers factors such as any significant leasehold improvements undertaken over the lease term, costs relating to the termination of lease and the importance of the underlying to the Company’s operations taking into account the location of the underlying asset and the availability of the suitable alternatives. The lease term in future periods is reassessed to ensure that the lease term reflects the current economic circumstances.

The discount rate is generally based on the **incremental borrowing rate** specific to the lease being evaluated or for a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.

f) Recognition and measurement of Contingent liabilities, provisions and uncertain tax positions

There are various legal, direct and indirect tax matters and other obligations including local and state levies, availing input tax credits etc., which may impact the Company. Evaluation of uncertain liabilities and contingent liabilities arising out of above matters and recognition and measurement of other provisions are based on the assessment of the probability of an outflow of resources, and on past experience and circumstances known at the balance sheet date. The actual outflow of resources at a future date may therefore vary from the figure included in other provisions.

g) Revenue from contracts with customers

The Company applied the following judgements that significantly affect the determination of the amount and timing of revenue from contracts with customers.

h) Inventory Measurement

The measurement of inventory in bulk / loose form lying in Kgs / litres is complex and involves significant judgment and estimate. The Company performs physical counts of above inventory on a periodic basis using internal / external experts to perform volumetric surveys and assessments, basis which the estimate of quantity for these inventories is determined. The variations, if any noted between book records and physical quantities of above inventories are evaluated and appropriately accounted in the books of accounts.

i) Provision for Decommissioning / Dismantling Liabilities

The Management of the Company has estimated that there is no probable decommissioning / dismantling liability under the conditions / terms of the lease agreements.

j) Impairment of trade receivables

As per Ind AS 109 impairment allowance has been determined based on Expected Credit Loss Method. The Company uses a simplified approach to determine impairment loss allowance on the portfolio of trade receivables. This is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivable and is adjusted for forward looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed. The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The company's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may not be representative of customer's actual default in the future.

k) Effective interest rate

For the requirement of Ind AS 109 and Ind AS 116, company has used incremental borrowing rate as the rate for discounting and amortising. This incremental borrowing rate reflects the rate of interest that the company would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar nature and value in a similar economic environment. Determination of the incremental borrowing rate requires estimation.

The company has considered the amendments to Schedule III of the Companies Act 2013 notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") via notification dated 24 March 2021 in the Ind AS Summary Statements disclosures, wherever applicable.

2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a. Property, plant and equipment

(i). Recognition and measurement

Property, plant and equipment are stated at acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. All costs, including borrowing costs incurred up to the date the asset is ready for its intended use, is capitalized along with respective asset.

Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use. The cost of a self-constructed item of property, plant and equipment comprises the cost of materials and direct labor, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the item to working condition for its intended use, and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Policy on Replacement Cost accounting

When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at regular intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

If significant parts of an item of Property, Plant and Equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.
Freehold land is carried at cost.

(ii). Subsequent measurement

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of Property, Plant and Equipment are included in its carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Subsequent costs are depreciated over the residual life of the respective assets. All other expenses on existing Property, Plant and Equipments, including day-to-day repair and maintenance expenditure and cost of replacing parts, are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss for the period during which such expenses are incurred.

(iii). Depreciation

Depreciable amount for assets is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its estimated residual value. Depreciation is recognized so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives, using straight-line method as per the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except in respect of following categories of assets, in whose case the life of the assets has been assessed as under based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating conditions of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers warranties and maintenance support, etc.

Assets Category	Estimated Useful Life
Building	20-30 Years
Leasehold Improvements	5 -10 Years
Computers	2-5 Years
Plant & Machinery	10-20 Years
Furniture & Fixtures	5-10 Years
Electrical Installments	3-10 Years
Office Equipment	2-20 Years
Vehicles	5-10 Years

The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the asset's useful life or over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term if there is no reasonable certainty that the Company will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term.

(iv). Derecognition

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in statement of profit and loss.

b. Intangible Assets

(i). Recognition and measurement

Intangible assets acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses

(ii). Amortization

Amortization is recognized on straight line basis over their estimated useful lives.

(iii). Derecognition

An intangible asset is derecognized on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition are recognized in statement of profit and loss.

c. Capital Work in Progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost including borrowing costs for qualifying assets if the recognition criteria are met and other direct administrative costs. Expenditure related to and incurred during implementation of capital projects to get the assets ready for intended use is included under "Capital Work in Progress". The same is allocated to the respective items of property plant and equipment on completion of construction/ erection of the capital project/ property plant and equipment.

d. Impairment

At the end of each reporting year, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest company of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

e. Inventories

Raw materials and stores, work in progress, traded and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost of raw materials and traded goods comprises cost of purchases.

Cost of work-in-progress and finished goods comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure. Fixed overheads are allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity. Cost of inventories also include all other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost includes the reclassification from equity of any gains or losses on qualifying cash flow hedges relating to purchases of raw material. Costs are assigned to the individual items in a company of inventories on the basis of weighted average cost basis. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Costs of inventories are determined on First in First out (FIFO) basis. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Cost of inventory comprises all costs of purchase, duties, taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from tax authorities) and all other costs incurred in bringing the inventory to their present location and condition.

f. Revenue recognition

Sale of goods

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. The Company recognizes revenues on sale of products, net of discounts, sales incentives, rebates granted, returns, sales taxes/GST and duties when the products are delivered to customer or when delivered to a carrier for export sale, which is when title and risk and rewards of ownership pass to the customer. Export incentives are recognized as income as per the terms of the scheme in respect of the exports made and included as part of export turnover. Revenue from sales is recognized when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell / consume the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract or the acceptance provisions have lapsed.
Company has 2 main streams of revenue:

i. Sale of goods to Customers – Company recognizes revenue when the goods are delivered to its customer since the customer does not have right to return material unless it has confirmation from the Company.

ii. Export sales – Company recognize revenue when the goods are delivered on FOB basis; since the customer does not have right to return material unless it has confirmation from the Company.

Revenue is measured net of discounts, incentives, rebates etc. given to the customers on the Company's sales. The Company's presence across different marketing regions within the country and the competitive business makes the assessment of various type of discounts, incentives and rebates as complex and judgmental.

Dividend & Interest income

Dividend income from investments if any to be recognized only when the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably).
Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

g. Leases

As a lessee

The company recognizes a Right-of-use (ROU) Asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.
The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain re-measurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate. The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

h. Foreign exchange translation

The functional currency of the Company is Indian Rupees which represents the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates.

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Company at its functional currency spot rates at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition.

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are generally recognized in profit or loss.

Monetary balances arising from the transactions denominated in foreign currency are translated to functional currency using the exchange spot rate as on the reporting date. Any gains or loss on such translation, are generally recognized in profit or loss.

Foreign exchange differences regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs are presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss, within finance costs. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a net basis within other gains/(losses).

In determining the spot exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income (or part of it) on the derecognition of a non- monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to advance consideration, the date of the transaction is the date on which the Company initially recognises the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Company determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of advance consideration.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

i. Income taxes

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Provision for current tax is made after taken into consideration benefits admissible under the provisions of Section 115BAA of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the Financial Statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in Other Comprehensive Income or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax expense is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

j. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs, if any, general or specific, that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets is capitalized as part of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The Company determines the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalization as the actual borrowing costs incurred on that borrowing during the year less any interest income earned on temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets, to the extent that an entity borrows funds specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset. In case if the Company borrows generally and uses the funds for obtaining a qualifying asset, borrowing costs eligible for capitalization are determined by applying a capitalization rate to the expenditures on that asset.

k. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions for restructuring are recognized by the Company when it has developed a detailed formal plan for restructuring and has raised a valid expectation in those affected that the Company will carry out the restructuring by starting to implement the plan or announcing its main features to those affected by it.

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, it's carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material). The measurement of provision for restructuring includes only direct expenditures arising from the restructuring, which are both necessarily entailed by the restructuring and not associated with the ongoing activities of the Company.

Contingent liabilities being a possible obligation as a result of past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events not wholly in control of the Company are not recognized in the accounts. The nature of such liabilities and an estimate of its financial effect are disclosed in notes to the Financial Statements unless the probability of an outflow of resources is remote. Contingent assets are not recognized but are disclosed in the notes where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

l. Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

(a) Financial assets

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

At initial recognition, financial asset is measured at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories:

a) at amortized cost; or

b) at fair value through other comprehensive income; or

c) at fair value through profit or loss. The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

Business model assessment

The company determines its business model at the level that best reflects how it manages Companies of financial assets to achieve its business objective.
The company business model is not assessed on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but at a higher level of aggregated portfolios and is based on observable factors such as:

(i) How the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that business model are evaluated and reported to the entity's key management personnel
(ii) The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and, in particular, the way those risks are managed
(iii) How managers of the business are compensated (for example, whether the compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or on the contractual cash flows collected)
(iv) he expected frequency, value and timing of sales are also important aspects of the Company's assessment
The business model assessment is based on reasonably expected scenarios without taking 'worst case' or 'stress case' scenarios into account. If cash flows after initial recognition are realized in a way that is different from the Company's original expectations, the Company does not change the classification of the remaining financial assets held in that business model, but incorporates such information when assessing newly originated or newly purchased financial assets going forward.

The Solely payments of Principal and Interest test

As a second step of its classification process the Company assesses the contractual terms of financial to identify whether they meet the SPPI test.

The most significant elements of interest within a lending arrangement are typically the consideration for the time value of money and credit risk. To make the SPPI assessment, the Company applies judgement and considers relevant factors such as the currency in which the financial asset is denominated, and the period for which the interest rate is set.

In contrast, contractual terms that introduce a more than de minimize exposure to risks or volatility in the contractual cash flows that are unrelated to a basic lending arrangement do not give rise to contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the amount outstanding. In such cases, the financial asset is required to be measured at FVTPL.

Amortized cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method (EIR).

Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to Statement of Profit and Loss and recognized in other gains/ (losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.

Fair value through profit or loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

Equity instruments: All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS103 applies are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to P&L, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the profit and loss.

(iii) Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets.

For recognition of impairment loss on financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If in subsequent years, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

Life time ECLs are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12-month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the year end.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. When estimating the cash flows, an entity is required to consider all contractual terms of the financial instrument (including prepayment, extension etc.) over the expected life of the financial instrument. However, in rare cases when the expected life of the financial instrument cannot be estimated reliably, then the entity is required to use the remaining contractual term of the financial instrument.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the year is recognized as income/expense in the statement of profit and loss. In balance sheet ECL for financial assets measured at amortized cost is presented as an allowance, i.e. as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the balance sheet. The allowance reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write off criteria, the Company does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.

Company measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses for Trade receivables (i.e. 'simplified approach').

Trade receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

(iv) Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognized only when

a) the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset is transferred or

b) retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the financial asset is transferred then in that case financial asset is derecognized only if substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset is transferred. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognized.

(b) Financial liabilities

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and at amortized cost, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial liabilities at amortized cost

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Presently Company has not included transaction costs based on materiality.

The Company's Financial liabilities include Trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including Bank overdrafts, and Bank Term Loans.

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount recognised less, when appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with the principles of Ind AS 115.

(iii) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as finance costs.

m. Derivative

1) Financial Instruments

Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

The Company uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts, options and interest rate swaps to hedge its foreign currency risks and interest risk respectively. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivative financial instrument are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

2) Commodity Contracts:

Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

The Company enters into purchase and sale contracts of commodities for own use as well as to hedge price risk. These contracts form part of the Company's overall business portfolio. The Company has elected an irrevocable option to designate its own use contracts at FVTPL (in line with derivative contracts) to eliminate or significantly reduce accounting mismatch of business income. Purchase and sale contracts are initially recognized at FVTPL on the date on which contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of commodity contracts are recognized in the statement of profit and loss under the head "Raw Materials Consumed".

n. Fair value measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the financial asset or settle the financial liability takes place either

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.
The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant’s ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

At each reporting date, the Management analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be remeasured or re-assessed as per the Company's - accounting policies.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

o. Cash & cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the Balance Sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

p. Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of new ordinary shares and share options and buyback of ordinary shares, if any are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

Equity shares are classified under Equity. Company has deferred the transactional / pre-ipo costs (classified under Other Current Assets) till the allotment of share in the proposed IPO & the same will be added to the Equity of the company.

q. Offsetting financial instrument

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle financial asset and liability on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

r. Segments reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. Chief Financial Officer assesses the financial performance and position of the Company and makes strategic decisions. Chief Financial Officer has been identified as Chief Operating Decision Maker.

s. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax by weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for treasury shares, bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue to existing shareholders, share split and reverse share split (consolidation of shares).

Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit after tax after considering the effect of interest and other financing costs or income (net of attributable taxes) associated with dilutive potential equity shares by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares including the treasury shares held by the Company to satisfy the exercise of the share options by the employees.

t. Government Grant

Grants from the government are recognized when there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with the conditions attached to them and the grant will be received. When the grant relates to expense item, it is recognized as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensated, are expensed. Where the grant relates to assets, it is recognized as deferred income and released to income in equal amounts over the expected useful life of the related asset.

u. Measurement of EBITDA

(1) Short – Term Employee Benefits:

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognized as an expense during the period when the employees render the services.

(2) Post – Employment Benefits:

(a) Defined Contribution Plans:

The Company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as an expense, when an employee renders the related service. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the balance sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognized as a liability. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the balance sheet date, then excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the pre-payment will lead to a reduction in future payment or a cash refund.

(b) Defined Benefit Plans:

(i) Gratuity Scheme:

The Company pays gratuity to the employees who have completed five years of service with the company at the time of resignation / superannuation. The gratuity is paid @ 15 days basic salary for every completed year of service as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The liability in respect of gratuity and other post-employment benefits is calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method and spread over the period during which the benefit is expected to be derived from employee's service.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from adjustments and changes in assumptions are recognized in the period in which they occur in Other Comprehensive Income.

(c) Other Long-Term Employee Benefits:

Entitlement to annual leave is recognized when they accrue to employees.

v. Measurement of EBITDA

The Company has opted to present earnings before interest (finance cost), tax, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) as a separate line item on the face of the Statement of Profit and Loss for the period. The company measures EBITDA based on profit/(loss) from continuing operations.

3. NOTES ON ADJUSTMENTS FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

First-time adoption of Ind AS

The Company is formed under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 (now Companies Act, 2013) on February 25, 2000. The transition date is April 01, 2019.

i. Exemptions applied

Ind AS 101 allows first-time adopters certain exemptions from the retrospective application of certain requirements under Ind AS. The company has applied the following exemptions:

a. Deemed cost:

Ind AS 101 permits a first-time adopter to elect to continue with the carrying value for all of its property, plant and equipment as recognized in the financial statements as at the date of the transition to Ind AS, measured as per the previous GAAP and use as its deemed cost as at the date of transition after making necessary adjustments for de-commissioning liabilities. This exemption can also be used for intangible assets covered by Ind AS 38 'Intangible Assets'.

Accordingly, the company has elected to measure all its property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment property at their previous GAAP carrying value.

b. Share-based payments

Ind AS 101 allows the first-time adopter to not apply Ind AS 102 'Share-based payment' to equity instruments that vested before date of transition to Ind AS. Accordingly, the company has not applied Ind AS 102 to equity instruments in share-based payment transactions that vested before 1 April 2019.

II. Exception

a. Estimates:

The estimates at April 01, 2019 and at March 31, 2020 are consistent with those made for the same dates in accordance with Indian GAAP (after adjustments to reflect any differences in accounting policies) apart from impairment of financial assets based on expected credit loss model where application of Indian GAAP did not require estimation. The estimates used by the company to present these amounts in accordance with Ind AS reflect conditions at April 01, 2019, the date of transition to Ind AS and as of 31 March 2022.

b. Classification and measurement of financial assets:

The company has classified the financial assets in accordance with Ind AS 109 on the basis of facts and circumstances that exist at the date of transition to Ind AS.

RAJGOR PROTEINS LIMITED

(Formerly Known as RAJGOR PROTEINS PRIVATE LIMITED)

Annexure: V(B)

RECONCILIATION OF RESTATED EQUITY/NETWORTH

PARTICULARS	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Shareholder's equity as per Audited Financial Statements	6257.01	562.11	(0.99)
adjustments for :			
Lease adjustments as per Ind AS 116	-	-	-
Expected loss adjustment as per Ind AS 109	-		-
Application of Ind AS 109 on Security deposits adjustment	-		-
Deferred taxes adjustments	-	0.76	-
Prior period errors Ractified	-	(2.91)	-
Shareholders' equity as restated	6257.01	559.95	(0.99)

Explanatory Notes to the above restatements made in Audited Financial Statements of Company for the respective years/period.

To give Explanatory Notes regarding adjustments

Appropriate adjustments have been made in the restated financial statements, wherever required by classification of the corresponding items of income, expenses, assets and liabilities, in order to bring them in line with the groupings as per the Audited financials of the Company for all the years and the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosures) Regulations 2018, ‘Ind AS Schedule III’ and management's judgments.

RAJGOR PROTEINS LIMITED

(Formerly Known as RAJGOR PROTEINS PRIVATE LIMITED)

Annexure: V(C)

RECONCILIATION OF RESTATED INCOME

PARTICULARS	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Net profit/(loss) after tax as per audited statement of profit and loss	470.03	51.07	0.90
adjustments for :			
Impact on account of application of Ind AS 116 (net) (Note 1)	-	-	-
Impact of Expected loss provisioning as per Ind AS 109 (Note 2)	-	-	-
Impact on account of application of Ind AS 109 on Security deposits given (Note 3)	-	-	-
Impact of above adjustments on deferred taxes	-	0.76	-
Prior period adjustment	-	(2.91)	-
Total Comprehensive income as restated	470.03	48.92	0.90

Explanatory Notes to the above restatements made in Audited Financial Statements of Company for the respective years/period.

Adjustments having impact on Profit:

Note 1

As the restated financials are made as per Ind AS, hence following the guidance of Ind AS 116, finance charge and depreciation on ROU asset has been recognised and lease rent has been reversed, corresponding adjustments in the deferred tax have been made.

Note 2

As the restated financials are made as per Ind AS, hence following the guidance of Ind AS 109, provision has been made for Expected credit loss on trade receivables and impairment loss on the same is provided, further corresponding adjustments in the deferred tax have been made.

Note 3

As the restated financials are made as per Ind AS, hence following the guidance of Ind AS 109, finance income and amortization of prepaid expenses has been recognised for security deposits given.

Note 5

As the restated financials are made as per Ind AS after incorporating all adjustments for the changes in accounting policies, material errors and regrouping/reclassifications in the retrospectively in period Financial year starting from 01st April,2019 and ended as on 31st March, 2020 to reflect the same accounting treatment as per the accounting policies and grouping/classifications followed subsequently which in our opinion were appropriate and comparable.

Effects of changes in method & rates of depreciation has been adjusted under Other Equity in Restated Financial Statements.

RAJGOR PROTEINS LIMITED

(Formerly Known as RAJGOR PROTEINS PRIVATE LIMITED)

Annexure : VI

NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION **(Rs in Lacs)**

NOTE : 1 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENTS

Particulars	Freehold Land and building (Non Depreciable)	Buildings (Factory Shed)	Furniture & Fixtures	Plants and equipments	Computers	Vehicle	Telephone	Capital WIP	Total
Cost/Deemed cost									
At 01 April 2019	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deletions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Additions	-	5.85	-	226.01	3.01	1.35	-	-	**236.21**
Deletions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2021	**-**	**5.85**	**-**	**226.01**	**3.01**	**1.35**	**-**	**-**	**236.21**
Additions	1008.58	-	1.72	265.52	4.95	10.35	3.78	-	**1294.91**
Deletions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2022	**1008.58**	**5.85**	**1.72**	**491.53**	**7.97**	**11.70**	**3.78**	**-**	**1531.13**
Depreciation and impairment									
At 01 April 2019	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation charge for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation charge for the year	-	0.07	-	18.87	0.28	0.00	-	-	**19.22**
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2021	**-**	**0.07**	**-**	**18.87**	**0.28**	**0.00**	**-**	**-**	**19.22**
Depreciation charge for the year	-	0.55	0.36	53.83	2.84	1.20	-	-	**58.79**
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2022		**0.61**	**0.36**	**72.70**	**3.12**	**1.20**	**-**	**-**	**78.00**
Net Book Value									
At 31 March 2022	1008.58	5.23	1.36	418.83	4.84	10.50	3.78	-	**1453.12**
At 31 March 2021	-	5.78	-	207.14	2.73	1.35	-	-	**217.00**
At 31 March 2020	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-

Certain property, plant and equipment are pledged against borrowings, the details relating to which have been described in Note 36.

NOTE : 2 RIGHT OF USE ASSET

Particulars	Building	Plants and equipments	Prepaid Lease Expense	Total
Gross Carrying Amount				
At 01 April 2019	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Additions	-	-	-	-
Deletions	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2020	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Additions	-	788.24	-	788.24
Deletions	-	735.69	-	735.69
At 31 March 2021	**-**	**52.55**	**-**	**52.55**
Additions	44.36	1741.40	24.30	1810.06
Deletions		904.17		904.17
At 31 March 2022	**44.36**	**889.79**	**24.30**	**958.44**
Depreciation and impairment				
At 01 April 2019	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Depreciation charge for the year	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2020	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Depreciation charge for the year	-	52.55	-	52.55
Disposals	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2021	**-**	**52.55**	**-**	**52.55**
Depreciation charge for the year	8.62	136.01	3.52	148.16
Disposals				-
At 31 March 2022	**8.62**	**188.56**	**3.52**	**200.71**
Net Book Value				
At 31 March 2022	35.73	701.23	20.78	**757.73**
At 31 March 2021	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2020	-	-	-	**-**

NOTE 3: INVESTMENTS

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Investment in Equity Instruments (Mehsana Urban Co Op Ltd Shares)			
-Unquoted - Others (Fair value through Profit or Loss)	32.50	25.00	-
Fixed Deposit with Banks			
-Unquoted - Others (Fair value through Profit or Loss)	5.14	-	-
	37.64	**25.00**	**-**

NOTE 4 : OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS (Non-Current)

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Deposit	251.84	-	-
	251.84	**-**	**-**

NOTE 5 : OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Deposit Om Shakti Sales	0.02	-	-
Deposit CDSL and NSDL	0.90	-	-
	0.92	**-**	**-**

NOTE 6 : INVENTORIES

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Raw Materials	1976.01	318.96	-
Work-In-Progress	129.37	-	-
Finished Goods	963.04	1121.76	1.40
	3068.41	**1440.72**	**1.40**

NOTE 7 : TRADE RECEIVABLES

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Trade Receivables			
Secured, Considered Good	-	-	-
Unsecured, Considered Good	2987.32	272.56	1.35
Unsecured, Considered Doubtful	-	-	-
Less:			
Impairment for Trade Receivable under Expected Credit Loss	2.72	-	-
	2984.60	**272.56**	**1.35**

Notes:
1. Trade Receivable has been taken as certified by the Management of the Company.
2. Provisioning for Expected Credit Loss has been done as per guidance of Ind As 109
3. For details of Trade Receivable with Related Party, Refer Note no. 29 Related Party Disclosures.
4. Trade Receivables are Generally non Interest bearing.
5. Movement in Expected Credit Loss Allowance of Trade Receivable

Particulars	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Balance at beginning of period / Year	-	-	-
Additions	2.72	-	-
	2.72	**-**	**-**

Trade Receivable Ageing Schedule:

Trade Receivable Ageing as at March 31, 2022

Pariculars	Outstanding for Following Periods from due date of Payment						
	Unbilled / Not due	0-6 Months	6-12 Months	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	Above 3 Years	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivable - Considered good	-	2775.60	151.21	60.51	-	-	**2987.32**
Undisputed Trade Receivable - Considered Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivable - Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivable - Considered Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	**-**	**2775.60**	**151.21**	**60.51**	**-**	**-**	**2987.32**

Trade Receivable Ageing as at March 31, 2021

Pariculars	Outstanding for Following Periods from due date of Payment						
	Unbilled / Not due	0-6 Months	6-12 Months	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	Above 3 Years	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivable - Considered good	-	272.56	-	-	-	-	**272.56**
Undisputed Trade Receivable - Considered Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivable - Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivable - Considered Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	**-**	**272.56**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**272.56**

Trade Receivable Ageing as at March 31, 2020

Pariculars	Outstanding for Following Periods from due date of Payment						
	Unbilled / Not due	0-6 Months	6-12 Months	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	Above 3 Years	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivable - Considered good	-	1.35	-	-	-	-	**1.35**
Undisputed Trade Receivable - Considered Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivable - Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivable - Considered Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	**-**	**1.35**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**1.35**

NOTE 8 : CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Cash And Cash Equivalent			
Cash On Hand	80.41	36.62	2.93
Balances With Banks			
Balances With Banks In Current A/C	333.85	13.67	38.39
Fixed Deposit (Having Original Maturity Less Than Three Months)	-	-	-
Matured Fixed Deposits	-	-	-
	414.25	**50.29**	**41.32**

NOTE 9 : OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS (Current)

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Rent Deposit	1.71	1.71	-
Lease Deposit Receivable (Shree Kshetrapal Agro Resources Private Limited)	258.76	-	-
Motilal Oswal Margin Account	87.05	-	-
Derivative Financial Assets	11.05	-	-
	358.57	**1.71**	**-**

NOTE 10 : CURRENT TAX ASSETS

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
TDS Receivable	39.52	-	-
TCS Receivable	13.45	16.23	-
	52.97	**16.23**	**-**

NOTE 11 : OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Advance Given to Creditors	1771.94	606.48	-
Advance Income Tax	55.00	-	-
RoDTEP Drawback Credit Receivable	43.25		
Other Advances (Unit-1)	-	6.70	-
Duty Drawback Receivable	4.07	-	-
Unconsumed TDS	0.01		
IGST Refund Receivable	215.00	-	-
GST Receivable	273.63	103.82	-
Team Member Advance	11.34	-	-
Others	-	-	0.06
	2374.25	**717.00**	**0.06**

NOTE 12 : BORROWINGS (Non-Current)

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
(A) Term Loan			
From Banks	-	-	-
(B) From Related Parties			
Secured			
Unsecured :			
Inter Corporate Loan - Rajgor Industries Private Limited	500.00	-	-
	500.00	-	-

NOTE 13 : LEASE LIABILITIES

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Non Current Lease Liabilities	670.94	-	-
Current Lease Liabilities	100.92	-	-
	771.85	-	-

NOTE 14 : OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (Non Current)

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Security Deposits - Glension Agro Distributor Deposit	161.04	-	-
	161.04	-	-

NOTE 15 : PROVISIONS (Non Current)

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Provision for Gratuity	3.75		
Provision for Leave Encashment	4.91		
	8.65	-	-

NOTE 16 : BORROWINGS (Current)

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
(A) Loan Repayable on demand			
From Banks			
Secured			
Working Capital Loans from banks repayable on demand			
(The Mehsana Urban Co-op. Bank Ltd)	992.49	984.39	-
IDBI Loan (Warehousing Facilities)	276.07	-	-
The Mehsana Urban Export Credit Loan	301.69	-	-
Unsecured	-	-	-
(B) From Related Parties			
Secured	-	-	-
Unsecured	-	-	-
	1570.25	**984.39**	-

*For details of Borrowings From Related Party, Refer Note no. 29 Related Party Disclosures.

*For details of Security provided against borrowings Refer Note no. 36 Security against Borrowings Disclosures.

NOTE 17 : TRADE PAYABLES**

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Total outstanding dues of micro, small and medium enterprises*	329.65	13.63	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro, small and medium enterprises	1254.20	1144.44	44.80
	1583.85	**1158.07**	**44.80**

* The disclosures under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 have been made in respect of such vendors to the extent they could be identified as micro and small enterprises on the basis of information available with the Company.

** Other Disclosures required which has been as follows

(a) Dues to micro and small enterprises - As per Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED' Act)

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
The Principal amount and the interest remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of accounting period / year;			
-Principal	329.65	13.63	-
-Interest	-	-	-
The amount of interest paid by the buyer under the Act along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting period /	-	-	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period / year (where the principal has been paid but interest under the Act not paid);	-	-	-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of accounting period / year; and	-	-	-
The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23.	-	-	-

(b) Trade Payable Ageing Statement

Trade Payable Ageing as at March 31, 2022

Pariculars	Outstanding for Following Periods from due date of Payment					
	Unbilled / Not due	0-1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	Above 3 Years	Total
MSME	-	329.65	-	-	-	**329.65**
Others	-	1254.20	-	-	-	**1254.20**
Disputed Dues -MSME	-	-	-	-	-	**-**
Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	**-**
Total	**-**	**1583.85**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**1583.85**

Trade Payable Ageing as at March 31, 2021

Pariculars	Outstanding for Following Periods from due date of Payment					
	Unbilled / Not due	0-1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	Above 3 Years	Total
MSME	-	13.63	-	**-**	**-**	**13.63**
Others	-	1144.44	-	**-**	**-**	**1144.44**
Disputed Dues -MSME	-	-	-	**-**	**-**	**-**
Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	**-**	**-**	**-**
Total	**-**	**1158.07**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**1158.07**

Trade Payable Ageing as at March 31, 2020

Pariculars	Outstanding for Following Periods from due date of Payment					
	Unbilled / Not due	0-1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	Above 3 Years	Total
MSME	-	-	-	**-**	**-**	**-**
Others	-	44.80	-	**-**	**-**	**44.80**
Disputed Dues -MSME	-	-	-	**-**	**-**	**-**
Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	**-**	**-**	**-**
Total	**-**	**44.80**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**44.80**

NOTE 18 : OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Advance Received from Customers	677.66	11.68	
Provident Fund Payable	6.18	-	-
Professional Tax Payable	0.66	-	-
Other Payables	-	-	-
<u>Statutory Dues</u>			
TDS Payable	27.98	2.75	-
TCS Payable	0.92	4.88	-
	713.40	**19.31**	**-**

NOTE 19 : PROVISIONS (Current)

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Provision for Audit Fees	0.68	0.83	0.15
Provision for Income Tax	179.69	19.05	0.18
Provision for Gratuity	0.07	-	-
Provision for Leave Encashment	0.33	-	-
Provision for Electricity Expense	14.74	-	-
	195.51	**19.88**	**0.33**

NOTE 20 : REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Sale of products (Local)	58985.60	22175.08	845.02
Export Sales	6915.61	-	-
Less:	-	-	-
Discount And Other Deductions	(3.82)	-	-
	65897.39	22175.08	845.02
Sales Interbranch/Inter Units	1232.75	-	-
Less: Purchase Interbranch/Inter Units	(1232.75)	-	-
	-	-	-
Export benefits and other incentives :	-	-	-
RoDTEP Credit Drawback Income	43.25		
Duty Drawback Income	9.36	-	-
	52.62	-	-
	65950.00	**22175.08**	**845.02**

NOTE 21 : OTHER INCOME

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Interest Income from Adarsh Agro	24.73	-	-
Discount Income	0.32	-	-
Unrealised Gain on Export Debtors	4.30		
Gain on fair value of derivative contracts	34.21	-	-
ABRY Govt Aid - PF Benefit Income	4.66	-	-
Foreign Flacution Gain / Loss	69.33	-	-
Rebat On Professional Tax	0.10	-	-
Interest on Lease Deposit	2.68	-	-
Interest on Bank FD	0.14	-	-
Discounting adjustment Income on Deposits	47.17	-	-
Others	0.04	0.04	0.01
	187.65	**0.04**	**0.01**

NOTE 22 : COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED :

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Opening Stock Of Raw Material	318.96	-	-
Purchase - Raw Material	58567.23	22774.23	-
Closing Stock Of Raw Material	1976.01	318.96	-
Total (A)	56910.18	22455.27	-
Purchase Expenses	-	-	-
Total (B)	-	-	-
Total (A+B)	**56910.18**	**22455.27**	**-**

NOTE 23 : PURCHASE OF STOCK IN TRADE

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Purchase of Finished Goods Traded	5456.68	-	844.39
	5456.68	**-**	**844.39**
Purchase Inter Unit	1232.75	-	-
Less : Sales Inter Unit	(1232.75)	-	-
	-	**-**	**-**
	5456.68	**-**	**844.39**

NOTE 24 : CHANGE IN INVENTORIES:

`	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Opening stock of finished goods, Trading Goods and WIP	1121.76	1.40	-
Less: Closing stock of finished goods, Trading Goods and WIP	1092.41	1121.76	1.40
(Increase)/Decrease in stock	29.35	(1120.36)	(1.40)

NOTE 25 : EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES :

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Salary, wages and Bonus	76.32	46.87	-
Director Remuneration	9.97	-	-
Contribution to PF and Other Funds	10.55	3.72	-
Current Service Cost	9.05	-	-
Staff welfare expenses	0.39	0.76	-
	106.28	**51.35**	**-**

NOTE 26 : FINANCIAL COSTS

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Bank Charges	22.03	2.90	0.36
Bank Interest	119.73	0.81	-
Interest on Income Tax	0.49	0.03	-
Interest on Late Payment of Legal Dues	1.83	0.17	-
BG Commission Fees	4.05	-	-
Processing Fees	3.60		
Interest on Deposite - IND AS Adj.	8.21		
Interest on Lease Liabilities - IND AS Adj.	88.56	34.31	-
	248.49	**38.21**	**0.36**

NOTE 27 : OTHER EXPENSES

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Manufacturing and Other Direct Expense			
Consumption of Chemicals and Consumables	72.25	82.22	-
Freight and Transportation Charges	-	-	-
Job Work Charges	16.51	3.24	-
Labour Charges	14.39	7.10	-
Loading and Unloading Charges	140.56	52.83	-
Packing Material Expenses	47.48	13.34	-
Power and Fuel Expenses	296.78	193.70	-
Rates and Taxes	-	-	-
Rent and lease Expenses	-	-	-
Repairs and Maintenance : Factory Building	5.88	2.88	-
Repairs and Maintenance : Plant and Machinery	125.53	39.94	-
Procurement and Storage Charges	17.74	-	-
Production Overheads	18.55	12.14	-
Wages and Salary (direct)	161.50	-	-
Miscellaneous Expenses	6.67	2.19	-
Subtotal : A	**923.84**	**409.58**	**-**

Indirect Expenses

Administrative Expenses	22.63	7.87	0.09
Demat Charges	0.49	-	-
Donations	5.99	0.76	-
Freight and Transportation Expenses	1127.04	164.69	-
Impairment on Trade Receivable under ECL	2.72	-	-
Insurance Expenses	11.14	1.95	-
Late Fees and Penalties (Other than Contractual)	0.54	-	-
Membership Fees	0.34	-	-
Courier Charges	0.86	0.20	-
Professional Fees	76.77	4.97	0.51
Rates and Taxes	2.87	-	-
Rent and Lease Expenses	19.40	(9.79)	-
Repairs and Maintenance Expenses	2.65	0.39	-
Security Expenses	7.20	1.89	-
Selling and Distribution Expenses	302.37	20.82	-
Depository Expenses	1.91	-	-
Travelling Expenses	0.39	0.49	-
Power and Fuel Expenses	11.02	3.91	-
ROC Expenses	0.70	3.64	-
Legal Charges	6.67	0.33	-
Others	1.30	0.31	-
Subtotal : B	**1605.00**	**202.41**	**0.60**
Total (A+B)	**2528.84**	**612.00**	**0.60**

*Note : The following is the break-up of Auditor's remuneration (excluding input credit of service tax / GST availed, if any)

Particulars	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Statutory Audit Fee	0.75	0.75	0.22
Taxation Matters/Tax Audit	-	-	-
Certification Fees	-	-	-
For reimbursement of Expenses	-	-	-
Other ProfessionalServices*	-	-	-
Total	**0.75**	**0.75**	**0.22**

** Reclassified from Professional Fees*

NOTE 28 : INCOME TAXES

(A) Deferred tax relates to:

Particulars	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Deferred Tax Assets			
On Unabsorbed depreciation	-	-	-
On fair valuation of financial instruments	-	-	-
On Expected credit loss on trade receivable	0.76	-	-
On prior period errors	-	-	-
On Preliminary Expenses	(0.15)	0.76	-
On Preliminary Expenses adj. against Equity	7.71		
On Leases	9.94	-	-
On property, plant and equipment	(0.33)	0.33	-
On provision of Gratuity / Leave Encashment	2.52		
On Others			
Total (A)	20.45	1.09	-
Deferred Tax Liabilities			
On property, plant and equipment	0.38	-	-
On Non Interest Bearing Distributor Deposit	10.84	-	-
On revaluation of Investment at amortised cost to fair value	-	-	-
Interest expenses on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	-	-	-
On amortisation of transaction cost on borrowings	-	-	-
On revaluation of Derivative Asset measured at Fair Value through PorL	3.07		
On Revaluation of Foreign Currency Monetary items (Debtors)	-		
On Others			
Total (B)	14.29	-	-
Deferred Tax Asset / Liabilities (Net)	6.16	1.09	-

Reconciliation of DTA / DTL

Particulars	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Opening DTA / (DTL)	1.09	-	-
Deferred Tax Income / (Expense)	(1.55)	1.09	-
Other Equity	7.71		
Closing DTA / (DTL)	7.25	1.09	-

(B) Income Tax Expense

Particulars	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Current taxes	179.30	19.05	0.18
Adjustments in respect of current income tax of Previous Year	-	-	-
Deferred tax (Charge) / Income	1.55	(1.09)	-
Income Tax expense reported in the statement of Profit or loss	180.85	17.96	0.18

(C) Income tax expense charged to OCI

Particulars	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Cash Flow Hedge Reserve	-	-	-
Income tax charged to OCI			

(E) Reconciliation of tax Expense and the Accounting profit for the year as under

Particulars	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Profit before tax	650.88	66.88	1.08
Tax Rate	27.82%	26%	26%
Income tax expense at tax rates applicable	181.07	17.39	0.28
Tax effects on non deductible expenditure	3.01	0.25	-
Tax effects on allowable expenditure	(1.93)		
Excess/Less Provision adjustment for the Year	(0.39)	0.39	-
Deduction Under Income Tax Adjustment	(0.83)	(0.07)	-
Earlier year adj. for deferred tax due to changing Rate of Income tax	(0.08)	-	-
Others (Tax effect of brought forward Losses/unabsorbed depreciation of current year on which no deferred tax asset is recognised	-	-	(0.10)
Income tax (expense) / income	180.85	17.96	0.18

(F) Unrecognised Deferred tax assets

Particulars	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Deferred tax asset			
Deferred tax asset on business losses	-	-	-
Deferred tax asset on unabsorbed depreciation	-	-	-
Other Unrecognised deferred tax asset	-	-	-
On unwinding of interest on borrowings from related parties	-	-	-
On Fair valuation of Security deposits given	-	-	-
Deferred tax liability			
On Fair valuation of interest free borrowings from related parties	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-

(G) Balance Sheet :

Particulars	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Provision for Income Tax	179.69	19.05	0.18
Taxes Recoverable (Current Tax Assets)	52.97	16.23	-
	126.72	2.82	0.18

Note 29 : Related Party Disclosure Under IND AS 24

The Management has identified the following entities and individuals as related parties of the entity for the purpose of reporting as per Ind AS 24 - Ralated Party Transactions, which are as under :

(i) Name of related parties and description of relationship with whom transactions made :

Sr No	Name of Related	Relationship
1	Brijesh Trading Co.	**Entities over which Directors or KMP of the company or their close members are able to exercise significant influence/control (directly or indirectly)**
2	Chirag Trading Co	
3	Rajgor Industries Private Limited	
4	Rajgor Castor Derivatives Limited	
5	Mr Rahulbhai V Rajgor	**Executive Directors**
6	Mrs Kiranben M Rajgor	
7	Mrs Zenishaben A Rajgor	
8	Mr Ravi Thakkar	**Non-Executive Director**
9	Mr CFO Arshadali Mahammadali Saiyad	**Key Managerial Personnels**
10	Mr CS Parin N Shah	
11	Mr Anilkumar V Rajgor	**Close members of the family of directors or Key managerial Personnels**
12	Mr Arjun M Rajgor	
13	Mr Brijeshkumar V Rajgor	
14	Mr Chandreshkumar B Joshi	
15	Mr Maheshbhai S Rajgor	
16	Mr Pareshkumar V Rajgor	
17	Mr Shankarlal K Rajgor	
18	Mr Vasantkumar S Rajgor	
19	Mrs Induben V Rajgor	
20	Ms Dharaben M Rajgor	
21	Ms Pinalben V Rajgor	

(ii) Related Party Transactions :

(Rs in Lacs)

Sr. No.	Name of the Related Party	Transactions	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Relation - Entities over which Directors or KMP of the company or their close members are able to exercise significant influence/control (directly or indirectly) :					
1	Brijesh Trading Co	Purchase of Goods	5271.69	-	-
		Sale of Goods	100.28	-	-
2	Chirag Trading Co.	Purchase of Goods	3823.30	-	-
		Sale of Goods	4.64	3.92	-
3	Rajgor Industries Private Limited	Inter-corporate Borrowing	500.00		
4	Rajgor Castor Derivatives Limited	Lease Rentals	36.00	-	-
		Sale of Goods	1326.44	-	-

Relation - Executive Directors :					
1	Mr Rahulbhai V Rajgor	Purchase of Land	59.40	-	-
		Director Remuneration	5.40	-	-
2	Mrs Kiranben M Rajgor	Purchase of Land	59.40	-	-
		Director Remuneration	1.57	-	-
3	Mrs Zenishaben A Rajgor	Director Remuneration	3.00	-	-
Relation - Key Managerial Personnels :					
1	Mr CFO ARSHADALI MAHAMMADALI SAIYAD	Sale of Goods	5.85	2.08	-
		Salary	0.86	-	-
2	Mr CS Parin N Shah	Salary	2.66	-	-
Relation - Close members of the family of directors or Key managerial Personnels :					
1	Mr Anilkumar V Rajgor	Sale of Goods	0.38	0.09	-
		Salary	9.30	-	-
2	Mr Arjun M Rajgor	Purchase of Land	59.40	-	-
3	Mr Brijeshkumar V Rajgor	Purchase of Land	59.40	-	-
4	Mr Maheshbhai S Rajgor	Sale of Goods	0.06	0.05	-
		Purchase of Land	59.40	-	-
		Salary	0.88	-	-
5	Mr Pareshkumar V Rajgor	Sale of Goods	0.37	0.07	-
		Salary	0.50	-	-
6	Mr Shankarlal K Rajgor	Sale of Goods	0.08	-	-
7	Mr Vasantkumar S Rajgor	Sale of Goods	0.21	0.08	-
		Purchase of Land	59.40	-	-
		Salary	1.00	-	-
8	Mrs Induben V Rajgor	Purchase of Land	59.40	-	-
		Salary	1.68	-	-
9	Ms Dharaben M Rajgor	Purchase of Land	59.40	-	-
10	Ms Pinalben V Rajgor	Purchase of Land	59.40	-	-

(iii) Summary of Related Party Transactions

(Rs in Lacs)

Sr No	Nature of Transaction	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
1	Sales	1438.31	6.29	-
2	Purchases	9094.99	-	-
3	MEIS License Sales	-	-	-
4	Men Power services income	-	-	-
5	Salary and bonus	26.85	-	-
6	Corporate Guarantee given	-	-	-
7	Director's Sitting Fees	-	-	-
8	Subscription to shares/Investment withdrawal / (Made)	-	-	-
9	Contract Settlement	-	-	-
10	Inter Corporate Borrowing Taken	500.00	-	-
11	Donation	-	-	-
12	Brokerage paid	-	-	-
13	Interest Earned	-	-	-
14	Interest Paid	-	-	-
15	Purchases of Fixed Asset-KPT & CWIP	534.60	-	-
16	Loan given to employees	-	-	-
17	Rent Paid	36.00	-	-
18	Loans/advances given (Net)	-	-	-
	TOTAL	11630.75	6.29	-

Note 30 : Employee Benefits

The Company has the following post-employment benfit plans:

A. Defined Contribution Plan

Contribution to defined contribution plan recognised as expense for the year is as under:

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Provident & Other Fund (Defined Contribution Plan)	10.55	3.72	-

B. Defined Benefit Plans

Gratuity:

(i) The Company administers its employee's gratuity scheme unfunded liability. The present value of the liability for the defined benefit plan of gratuity obligation is determined based on projected unit credit method.

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Changes in Present value of Benefit Obligations			
Present value of Benefit Obligations (Opening)	-	-	-
Current Service Cost	3.82	-	-
Interest Cost	-	-	-
Benefits Paid	-	-	-
Actuarial losses (gains)	-	-	-
Present value of Benefit Obligations (Cloning)	3.82	-	-
Changes in Fair value of Plan Assets			
Fair value of Plan Assets (Opening)	-	-	-
Expected Return on plan assets	-	-	-
Contribution by employer	-	-	-
Benefits paid	-	-	-
Interest income	-	-	-
Fair value of Plan Assets (Closing)	-	-	-
Details of Experience adjustment on plan assets and liabilities			
Experience adjustment on plan assets	-	-	-
Experience adjustment on plan liabilities	-	-	-
Bifurcation of Present value of Benefit obligations			
Current - Amount due within one year	0.07	-	-
Non-Current - Amount due after one year	3.75	-	-
Total	3.82	-	-
Amounts recognised in Balance Sheet			
present value of benefit Obligation (Closing)	3.82	-	-
Fair Value of Plan Assets (Closing)	-	-	-
Net Liability / (Asset) recognised in Balance Sheet	3.82	-	-
Expenses recognised in Profit and Loss			
Current Service Cost	3.82	-	-
Interest Cost	-	-	-
Expected return on Plan Assets	-	-	-
Net Actuarial losses / (gain) recognised in the year	-	-	-
Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	3.82	-	-
Actuarial Assumptions			
Discount Rate (%)	6.80%	-	-
(Discount rate used for valuing liabilities based on yields (as on valuation date)			
Salary escalation Rate (%)	7.00%	-	-
(Estimates for future salary increase are based on inflation, seniority, promition)			
Retirement Age	60	-	-

C. Other Long Term Employee Benefits

Leave Encashment:

(i) The value of obligation is determined based on Company's leave policy.

Changes in Present value of Benefit Obligations			
Present value of Benefit Obligations (Opening)	-	-	-
Current Service Cost	5.23	-	-
Interest Cost	-	-	-
Benefits Paid	-	-	-
Actuarial losses (gains)	-	-	-
Present value of Benefit Obligations (Cloning)	5.23	-	-
Changes in Fair value of Plan Assets			
Fair value of Plan Assets (Opening)	-	-	-
Expected Return on plan assets	-	-	-
Contribution by employer	-	-	-
Benefits paid	-	-	-
Interest income	-	-	-
Fair value of Plan Assets (Closing)	-	-	-
Details of Experience adjustment on plan assets and liabilities			
Experience adjustment on plan assets	-	-	-
Experience adjustment on plan liabilities	-	-	-
Bifurcation of Present value of Benefit obligations			
Current - Amount due within one year	0.33	-	-
Non-Current - Amount due after one year	4.91	-	-
Total	5.23	-	-
Amounts recognised in Balance Sheet			
present value of benefit Obligation (Closing)	5.23	-	-
Fair Value of Plan Assets (Closing)	-	-	-
Net Liability / (Asset) recognised in Balance Sheet	5.23	-	-
Expenses recognised in Profit and Loss			
Current Service Cost	5.23	-	-
Interest Cost	-	-	-
Expected return on Plan Assets	-	-	-
Net Actuarial losses / (gain) recognised in the year	-	-	-
Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	5.23	-	-
Actuarial Assumptions			
Discount Rate (%)	6.80%	-	-
(Discount rate used for valuing liabilities based on yields (as on valuation date)			
Salary escalation Rate (%) (Estimates for future salary increase are based on inflation, seniority, promition)	7.00%	-	-
Retirement Age	60	-	-

NOTE : 31 DISCLOSURE UNDER IND AS 116

(i) **Amount recognised in statement of profit and loss**

Particulars	As At 31 March, 2022	As At 31 March, 2021	As At 31 March, 2020
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets	148.16	52.55	-
Interest on lease liabilities	88.56	34.31	-
Expenses relating to short term leases,low value assets and variable lease payment	29.77	8.00	-
Gain on termination of lease assets & liabilities	10.37	17.80	-

(ii) **Amounts recognised in statement of cash flows**

Particulars	As At 31 March, 2022	As At 31 March, 2021	As At 31 March, 2020
Cash Flow From Financing Activities			
Payments of Lease Liabilities (other than finance cost)	99.36	34.75	-

(iii) **Maturity analysis of lease liabilities**

Particulars	As At 31 March, 2022	As At 31 March, 2021	As At 31 March, 2020
Maturity Analysis of contractual undiscounted cash flows			
Less than one year	165.08	-	-
One to five years	806.11	-	-
More than five years	29.00	-	-
Total undiscounted lease liabilities	1000.19	-	-

(iv) Details of Major Lease Agreements :

1 The Company has entered into Operating lease agreement with M/s Adars Agro Oil Industries w.e.f. 01.04.2021 for P&M along with licenses attached to the having Plant at Survey No. 175/P3/P2, Mouje : Jagana, Taluka Palanpur, Dist: Banaskantha for the purpose of manufacturing activities for a period of 7 Years.

2 The Company has entered into Operating lease agreement with M/s Shivam Industries w.e.f. 19.09.2021 for P&M along with licenses attached to the having Plant at Survey No. 393/2, Harij-Kukarana Road, Taluka Harij, Dist: Patan for the purpose of manufacturing activities for a period of 9 Years.

3 The Company has entered into Operating lease agreement with M/s Arbuda Spices Pvt Ltd w.e.f. 15.07.2021 for P&M along with licenses attached to the having Plant at Survey No. 97, paiki at Nana Joravarpura, Taluka Sami, Dist: Patan for the purpose of manufacturing activities for a period of 5 Years.

4 The Company has entered into Operating lease agreement with M/s Harsh Marketing w.e.f. 24.08.2021, a Commericial Shop situated at 422/A, Chokha Bazzar, Kalupur, Survey No. 84, Ahmedabad-380002 for the purpose of storage of Goods for a period of 3 Years.

NOTE : 32 DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 185 AND 186 OF COMPANIES ACT, 2013

No matters are required to be disclosed under this head as identified by the management of the Company for the reporting periods.

NOTE : 33 BALANCE CONFIRMATION OF RECEIVABLES

Confirmation letter have not been obtained from all the Parties in respect of Trade Receivable, Other Non-Current Assets and Other Current Assets. Accordingly, the balances of the Accounts are Subject to Confirmation, Reconciliation and Consequential Adjustments, if any.

NOTE : 34 BALANCE CONFIRMATION OF PAYABLES

Confirmation letter have not been obtained from all the Parties in respect of Trade Payable, Other Non-Current Liabilities and Other Current Liabilities. Accordingly, the balances of the Accounts are Subject to Confirmation, Reconciliation and Consequential Adjustments, if any.

NOTE : 35 DISCLOSURES RELATED TO GOVERNMENT GRANTS

Income Approach has been followed by an entity for recognition of Government Grants, as per which the Company has recognised Government Grants in Profit or loss over the periods in which costs for Grants are intended to compensate. The Amount of Grant received has been recognised as income and not offset from related expenses.

Amount of Rs. 4,65,521/- had been received by the Company as Government Grant in relation to Aatmanirbhar Bharat Rojgar Yojana (ABRY) as it had been fulfilled the conditions required by the Programme, the programme is related to provide an aid in Provident Fund contribution of Employer and Employees.

NOTE: 36 Security against Borrowing Disclosures **(Rs in absolute amounts)**

Sr No	Particulars	Closing Balance as at 31-03-2021	Secured against	Interest Rate
1	OD Facility from Mehasana Urban co-op Bank (Sanction Limit : 10 Crore)	9,84,39,451	As per Schedule below**	Variable

Sr No	Particulars	Closing Balance as at 31-03-2022	Secured against	Interest Rate
1	OD Facility from Mehasana Urban co-op Bank (Sanction Limit : 10 Crore)	9,92,49,139	As per Schedule below**	Variable
2	OD Facility from Mehasana Urban co-op Bank (Sanction Limit : 3 Crore)	3,01,68,590	As per Schedule below**	Variable
3	Working Capital Loan Facility form IDBI Bank (Sanction Limit : 10 Crore)	2,76,06,761	Endoresment of WHR/SR in favor of bank, Pledge of endorsed WHR/SR with the IDBI Bank	Variable
4	Working Capital Loan Facility form Axis Bank (sanction amount : 5 Crore)	-	Pledge of WHR with Lien noted in favor of Axis Bank Ltd.	Variable
5	Working Capital Loan Facility form UCO Bank (sanction amount : 4 Crore)	-	Hypothecation of Entire stock of the company (Raw Material, Work in Progress and Finished Goods). Exclusive charge by way of Hypothecation of Book debts of the company and other current assets.	Variable
6	OD Facility from Mehasana SBI Bank (sanction limit : 4.5 Lakhs)	(6,44,885)	FD with SBI of Rs 5 Lakhs	

<u>Schedule of securities given to Mehsana Urban co-op Bank against Borrowings</u> :**

(i) Personal Guarantees of Individuals as :

Mr. Rajeshkumar Devchanddas Patel
Mr. Amaratbhai Punjabhai Desai
Mr. Vasantkumar Shankarlal Rajgor
Mr. Maheshkumar Shankarlal Rajgor

(ii) List Of Properties given as collateral Security

Sr No	Name Of Owner	Area	Adders of Property	Value (Rs in Crores)
1	Mr. Vasantkumar Shankarlal Rajgor	24.07 Sq.Mtr	Sheet no 62, C S no 1330/01/98 Vedant Arcade Complex , F F Shop No-148. Near Bank of india. Main Bazar. Harij	20.00
2	Mr. Maheshkumar Shankarlal Rajgor	501.23 Sq.Mtr	Residential NA Plots, R S No 874,875p1 and 875p2 Plot no. 146,167,168,174,178,188,203 & 262. Total 8 Plots, Dip Darshan Residency, near Shishu Mandir School, Harij Jaska Road, Harij	9.60
3	Mr. Vasantkumar Shankarlal Rajgor	890.67 Sq.Mtr	Deeparshan Residancy, Resi, Plot No. 410,411,412,413,414,415,416,417,418,419,420,421. Near Shishu Mandir School, Harij Jaska Road.Harij, R.S.no 874,875P1,875P2	17.00
4	Mr. Vasantkumar Shankarlal Rajgor	777.69 Sq. Mtr	Residential NA Plots, R S No 874,875P1 And 875p2 Plot no.328 to 337 Total 10 Plots,Dip Darshan Residency, Near Shishu Mandir School, Harij Jaska Road, Harij.	14.80
5	Mr. Maheshkumar Shankarlal Rajgor	779.07 Sq. Mtr	Residential NA Plots, Plot No.318 to 327 Total 10 Plots,Dip Darshan Residency, Near Shishu Mandir School , Harij.	13.20
6	Mr. Vasantkumar Shankarlal Rajgor	97869 Sq. Mtr	R.S No. 874, 875P1 & 875 P2 AT Kalana Khata No 572, New R.S. No 218,237,245,727,728,729, Near Gokul Farm, Harij Patan road, Kalana Harij	1463.10
			Total	**1537.70**

NOTE: 37 Financial Instruments, Fair Value Measurements, Financial Risk and Capital Management

A) Financial Assets and Liabilities

The Group's principal financial assets include loans and trade receivables, investments, cash and cash equivalents and other receivables. The Group's principal financial liabilities other than derivatives comprise of borrowings, provisions, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Group's operations and projects.

B) Fair Value Hierarchy

The fair value hierarchy is based on inputs to valuation techniques that are used to measure fair value that are either observable or unobservable and consists of the following three levels:

Level-1: Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level-2: Inputs are other than quoted prices included within Level-1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level-3: Inputs are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Fair values are determined in whole or in part using a valuation model based on the assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data.

C) Disclosure of fair value measurement and fair value hierarchy for financial assets and liabilities

The following tables summarizes carrying amounts of financial instruments by their categories and their levels in fair value hierarchy for each year end presented :

Period ended 31st March, 2022

Particulars	Refer Note	Fair Value through Profit & Loss			Amortised Cost	Total
		Level - 1	Level - 2	Level - 3		
Financial Assets						
Investments	3	-	-	37.64	-	37.64
Cash and cash Equivalents	8	-	-	-	414.25	414.25
Other Bank Balances		-	-	-	-	-
Trade Receivables	7	-	-	-	2984.60	2984.60
Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative Assets	9	-	-	11.05	-	11.05
Other Financial Assets (other than Derivative Assets)	4&9	-	-	599.36	-	599.36
Total		-	-	648.05	3398.85	4046.90
Financial Liabilities						
Borrowings	16	-	-	-	1570.25	1570.25
Trade Payables	17	-	-	-	1583.85	1583.85
Lease Liabilities	13	-	-	-	771.85	771.85
Derivative Liabilities		-	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Liability (other than Derivative Liability)	14	-	-	-	161.04	161.04
Total		-	-	-	4086.99	4086.99

Period ended 31st March, 2021

Particulars	Refer Note	Fair Value through Profit & Loss			Amortised Cost	Total
		Level - 1	Level - 2	Level - 3		
Financial Assets						
Investments	3	-	-	25.00	-	25.00
Cash and cash Equivalents	8	-	-	-	50.29	50.29
Other Bank Balances		-	-	-	-	-
Trade Receivables	7	-	-	-	272.56	272.56
Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative Assets	9	-	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Assets (other than Derivative Assets)	4&9	-	-	-	1.71	1.71
Total		-	-	25.00	324.57	349.57
Financial Liabilities						
Borrowings	16	-	-	-	984.39	984.39
Trade Payables	17	-	-	-	1158.07	1158.07
Lease Liabilities	13	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative Liabilities		-	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Liability (other than Derivative Liability)	14	-	-	-	-	-
Total		-	-	-	2142.46	2142.46

Period ended 31st March, 2020

Particulars	Refer Note	Fair Value through Profit & Loss			Amortised Cost	Total
		Level - 1	Level - 2	Level - 3		
Financial Assets						
Investments	3	-	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash Equivalents	8	-	-	-	41.32	41.32
Other Bank Balances	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade Receivables	7	-	-	-	1.35	1.35
Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative Assets	9	-	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Assets (other than Derivative Assets)	4&9	-	-	-	-	-
Total		-	-	-	42.67	42.67
Financial Liabilities						
Borrowings	16	-	-	-	-	-
Trade Payables	17	-	-	-	44.80	44.80
Lease Liabilities	13	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative Liabilities		-	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Liability (other than Derivative Liability)	14	-	-	-	-	-
Total		-	-	-	44.80	44.80

Note:

Carrying amount of current Financial Assets and Liabilities as at the end of the each period / year presented approximate the fair value because of their short term nature. Difference between carrying amounts and fair values of other non-current financial assets and liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost is not significant in each of the period / year presented.

D) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's Financial Risk management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its business strategies. The Group's risk management activities are subject to the management direction and control under the framework of Risk Management Policy as approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. The Management ensures appropriate risk governance framework for the Group through appropriate policies and procedures and that risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Group's policies and risk objectives.

In the ordinary course of business, the Group is mainly exposed to risks resulting from interest rate movements (Interest rate risk), Commodity price changes (Commodity risk) and exchange rate fluctuation (Currency risk) collectively referred as Market Risk, Credit Risk, Liquidity Risk and other price risks such as equity price risk. The Group's senior management oversees the management of these risks.

(I) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company’s debt obligations with floating interest rates.

Interest rate sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on that portion of loans and borrowings. With all other variables held constant, the Company’s profit before tax is affected through the impact on floating rate borrowings, as follows:

Years	Outstanding Borrowing Amount	Increase / Decrease in basis points	Impact on Profit Before Tax
Mar-22			
Variable Interest rate Borrowings	1570.25	+100	15.70
	1570.24	-100	(15.70)
Mar-21			
Variable Interest rate Borrowings	984.39	+100	9.84
	984.39	-100	(9.84)
Mar-20			
Variable Interest rate Borrowings	-	+100	-
	-	-100	-

Foreign Currency Risk

The Group operates internationally and portion of the business is transacted in several currencies and consequently the Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk through its sales and services in overseas and purchases from overseas suppliers in various foreign currencies.
The Group evaluates exchange rate exposure arising from foreign currency transactions and Group follows established risk management policies including the use of derivatives like foreign exchange forward and options to hedge exposure to foreign currency risks.

(i) Particulars of Foreign Currency Derivatives outstanding as at Balance Sheet date. **(in absolute amounts)**

Amounts in Foreign Currency :

Particulars	Purpose	As at 31st Mar., 2022	As at 31st Mar., 2021	As at 31st Mar., 2020
Forward Contract to Sell USD	Hedging of Trade Receivables	46,88,000	-	-

Derivative financial instruments such as foreign exchange contracts are used for hedging purpose and not as trading or speculative instrument.

ii) Particulars of unhedged foreign currency exposures as at Reporting date

Particulars	USD Trade Receivable
As at March 31, 2022	-
As at March 31, 2021	-
As at March 31, 2020	-

Foreign currency sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the foreign currency exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Company's profit before tax (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities).

(iii) Foreign Currency Sensitivity Analysis

Years	Outstanding Foreign Currency Amount	Increase / Decrease in basis points	Impact on Profit Before Tax
Mar-22	787.76	+5%	39.39
	787.76	-5%	(39.39)
Mar-21	-	+5%	-
	-	-5%	-
Mar-20	-	+5%	-
	-	-5%	-

(iv) Closing Rate (in absolute figure)

Currency	As At 31st Mar., 2022	As At 31st Mar., 2021	As At 31st Mar., 2020
INR / USD	75.5275	-	-

(II) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty or customer will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a loss to the Group. Financial instruments that are subject to credit risk principally consist of Loans, Trade and Other Receivables, Cash & Cash Equivalents, Investments and Other Financial Assets. The carrying amounts of financial assets represent the maximum credit risk exposure.

Credit risk encompasses both, the direct risk of default and the risk of deterioration of creditworthiness as well as concentration of risks. Credit risk is controlled by analysing credit limits and creditworthiness of counter parties on continuous basis with appropriate approval mechanism for sanction of credit limits.

Other Financial Assets

Credit risk from balances with banks, financial institutions and investments is managed by the Group's treasury team in accordance with the Group's risk management policy. Cash and cash equivalents and Bank deposits are placed with banks having good reputation, good past track record and high quality credit rating.

Trade Receivables

Receivables are deemed to be past due or impaired with reference to the Group's normal terms and conditions of business. These terms and conditions are determined on a case to case basis with reference to the customer's credit quality and prevailing market conditions. Receivables that are classified as 'past due' are those that have not been settled within the terms and conditions that have been agreed with that customer.

The credit quality of the Group's customers is monitored on an ongoing basis and assessed for impairment where indicators of such impairment exist. The solvency of the debtor and their ability to repay the receivable is considered in assessing receivables for impairment. Where receivables have been impaired, the Group actively seeks to recover the amounts in question and enforce compliance with credit terms.

Receivables Ageing	Gross Carrying Amount (as on 31st March, 2022)	Expected Loss Rate	Expected Credit Losses (loss allowance provisions)	Carrying Amount of Trade Receivable (net of impairment)
Not due	-	-	-	-
0-180 days	2946.82	0	-	2946.82
180-365 days	151.21	1%	1.51	149.70
1 - 2 Year	60.51	2%	1.21	59.30
2 - 3 Year	-	10%	-	-
3 - 5 Year	-	50%	-	-
More than 5 Years	-	100%	-	-
Carrying Amount of Trade Receivable (Net of Impairment)	**3158.54**		**2.72**	**3155.82**

Receivables Ageing	Gross Carrying Amount (as on 31st March, 2021)	Expected Loss Rate	Expected Credit Losses (loss allowance provisions)	Carrying Amount of Trade Receivable (net of impairment)
Not due	-	-	-	-
0-180 days	272.56	0	-	272.56
180-365 days	-	1%	-	-
1 - 2 Year	-	2%	-	-
2 - 3 Year	-	10%	-	-
3 - 5 Year	-	50%	-	-
More than 5 Years	-	100%	-	-
Carrying Amount of Trade Receivable (Net of Impairment)	**272.56**		**-**	**272.56**

Receivables Ageing	Gross Carrying Amount (as on 31st March, 2020)	Expected Loss Rate	Expected Credit Losses (loss allowance provisions)	Carrying Amount of Trade Receivable (net of impairment)
Not due	-	-	-	-
0-180 days	1.35	0	-	1.35
180-365 days	-	1%	-	-
1 - 2 Year	-	2%	-	-
2 - 3 Year	-	10%	-	-
3 - 5 Year	-	50%	-	-
More than 5 Years	-	100%	-	-
Carrying Amount of Trade Receivable (Net of Impairment)	**1.35**		**-**	**1.35**

The following table summarizes the changes in loss allowances measured using life time expected credit loss model -

Particulars	As At 31st Mar., 2022	As At 31st Mar., 2021	As At 31st Mar., 2020
Opening Provision	-	-	-
Add: Adjustments during the Year	2.72	-	-
Closing Provision	2.72	-	-

(II) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk refers the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Group monitors its risk of shortage of funds using cash flow forecasting models. These models consider the maturity of its financial investments, committed funding and projected cash flows from operations. The Group's objective is to provide financial resources to meet its business objectives in a timely, cost effective and reliable manner and to manage its capital structure. A balance between continuity of funding and flexibility is maintained through the use of various types of borrowings.

Maturity profile of financial liabilities:

The table below provides details regarding contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual Undiscounted payments:

As at 31st Mar., 2022	Less than 1 Year	1 to 5 Year	More than 5 Years	Total
Borrowings	2070.25	-	-	2070.25
Lease Financial Liability	165.08	806.11	29.00	1000.19
Trade Payables	1900.12	-	-	1900.12
Other Non-Current Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	-
Derivative Instrument	-	-	-	-
Other Current Financial Liabilities	200.00	-	-	200.00
	4335.44	806.11	29.00	5170.55

As at 31st Mar., 2021	Less than 1 Year	1 to 5 Year	More than 5 Years	Total
Borrowings	1337.39	-	-	1337.39
Lease Financial Liability	-	-	-	-
Trade Payables	805.07	-	-	805.07
Other Non-Current Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	-
Derivative Instrument	-	-	-	-
Other Current Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	-
	2142.46	-	-	2142.46

As at 31st Mar., 2020	Less than 1 Year	1 to 5 Year	More than 5 Years	Total
Borrowings	-	-	-	-
Lease Financial Liability	-	-	-	-
Trade Payables	44.80	-	-	44.80
Other Non-Current Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	-
Derivative Instrument	-	-	-	-
Other Current Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	-
	44.80	-	-	44.80

E) CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity shareholders of the Group. The primary objective of the Company when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain an optimal capital structure so as to maximize shareholder value. The capital structure of the Company is based on management's judgment of its strategic and day-to-day needs with a focus on total equity so as to maintain creditors and market confidence.

The Company monitors capital using gearing ratio, which is net debt (borrowing less cash and bank balances) divided by total capital plus debt.

E) Capital Management

Particulars	As at 31st Mar., 2022	As at 31st Mar., 2021	As at 31st Mar., 2020
Total Borrowings	2070.25	984.39	-
Less: Cash and Cash Equivalents	414.25	50.29	41.32
Net debt (A)	1655.99	934.10	(41.32)
Total Equity (B)	6257.01	559.95	(0.99)
Gearing Ratio (A/B)	0.26	1.67	41.55

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS RESTATED

Annexure : VII

Note 1 : Key Financial and Operational Performance Indicators and Other Ratios as per Statutory Requirements :
(Clause 11 of Part A of Schedule VI of SEBI ICDR Regulations and Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013)

CURRENT RATIO

		31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Current Assets (A)		9253.06	2498.52	44.13
Current Liabilities (B)		4163.92	2181.65	45.13
Current Ratio (A / B)	**(in times)**	**2.22**	**1.15**	**0.98**

DEBT-EQUITY RATIO

		31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Short Term Debt (A)		1570.25	984.39	-
Long Term Debt (A)		500.00	-	-
Total Equity (B)		6257.01	559.95	(0.99)
Current Ratio (A / B)	**(in times)**	**0.33**	**1.76**	**0.00**

Reconciliation 1 : Profit/(Loss) for the period to EBITDA

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Profit/(Loss) for the period	470.03	48.92	0.90
Add:			
Finance Cost	248.49	38.21	0.36
Total Tax Expense/(income)	180.85	17.96	0.18
Depreciation	206.95	71.77	-
Exceptional items	-	-	-
Less:			
Other Non Operating Income			
EBITDA	**1106.32**	**176.86**	**1.44**

EBITDA MARGIN

		31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
EBITDA (A) (Reconciliation 1)		1106.32	176.86	1.44
Total Revenue (B)		66137.66	22175.12	845.03
EBITDA Margin (A / B)	**(in %)**	**1.67**	**0.80**	**0.17**

RETURN ON EQUITY RATIO

		31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Profit/(Loss) for the period (A)		470.03	48.92	0.90
Share Holder's Equity (B)		6257.01	559.95	(0.99)
Return on Equity (A / B)	**(in %)**	**7.51%**	**8.74%**	**-90.51%**

INVENTORY TURNOVER RATIO

		31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
COGS (Reconciliation 2) (A)		63320.06	21744.49	842.99
Average Inventory (Reconciliation 3) (B)		2254.57	721.06	0.70
Inventory Turnover (A / B)	**(in times)**	**28.09**	**30.16**	**1202.07**

Reconciliation 2 : COGS

	31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Cost of Material Consumed	56910.18	22455.27	-
Purchase of Stock-In-Trade	5456.68	-	844.39
Changes in inventories of FG, WIP and Stock-in-Trade	29.35	(1120.36)	(1.40)
Other Direct Expenses	923.84	409.58	-
Cost of Goods Sold	**63320.06**	**21744.49**	**842.99**

Reconciliation 3 : Average Inventory

		31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Opening Inventory		1440.72	1.40	-
Closing Inventory		3068.41	1440.72	1.40
Average Inventory (A+B)/2		**2254.57**	**721.06**	**0.70**

TRADE RECEIVABLE TURNOVER RATIO

		31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Revenue from Operations		65950.00	22175.08	845.02
Average Trade Receivable (Reconciliation 4) (B)		1628.58	136.96	1.00
Trade Receivable Turnover (A / B)	**(in times)**	**40.50**	**161.91**	**846.26**

Reconciliation 4 : Trade Receivables

		31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Opening Trade Receivables		272.56	1.35	0.65
Closing Trade Receivables		2984.60	272.56	1.35
Average Trade Receivable (A+B) /2		**1628.58**	**136.96**	**1.00**

TRADE PAYABLE TURNOVER RATIO

		31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Total Purchases		64023.90	22774.23	844.39
Average Trade Payable (Reconciliation 5) (B)		1370.96	601.43	25.11
Trade Payable Turnover (A / B)	**(in times)**	**46.70**	**37.87**	**33.62**

Reconciliation 5 : Trade Payables

		31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Opening Trade Payables		1158.07	44.80	5.42
Closing Trade Payables		1583.85	1158.07	44.80
Average Trade Payable (A+B) /2		**1370.96**	**601.43**	**25.11**

NET CAPITAL TURNOVER RATIO

		31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Total Revenue (A)		66137.66	22175.12	845.03
Equity Share Capital at the end of the Year (B)		2693.87	100.00	1.00
Net Capital Turnover (A / B)	**(in times)**	**24.55**	**221.75**	**845.03**

NET PROFIT RATIO

		31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Profit/(Loss) for the period (A)		470.03	48.92	0.90
Total Revenue (B)		66137.66	22175.12	845.03
Net Profit (A/B)	**(in %)**	**0.71%**	**0.22%**	**0.11%**

RETURN ON CAPITAL EMPLOYED

		31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
EBIT (Reconciliation 6) (A)		899.37	105.10	1.44
Capital Employed (Reconciliation 7) (B)		7597.64	559.95	(0.99)
Return on Capital Employed (A/B)	**(in %)**	**11.84%**	**18.77%**	**-145.11%**

Reconciliation 6 : Profit/(Loss) for the period to EBIT

		31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Profit/(Loss) for the period		470.03	48.92	0.90
Add:				
Finance Cost		248.49	38.21	0.36
Total Tax Expense/(income)		180.85	17.96	0.18
Exceptional items		-	-	-
Less:				
Other Non Operating Income		-	-	-
		899.37	**105.10**	**1.44**

Reconciliation 7 : Capital Employed

		31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Total Assets (A)		11761.56	2741.60	44.13
Current Liabilities(B)		4163.92	2181.65	45.13
Capital Employed (A-B)		**7597.64**	**559.95**	**(0.99)**

GROSS PROFIT RATIO

		31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Gross Profit (A) (Reconciliation 8)		2629.94	430.59	2.03
Revenue from Operations (B)		65950.00	22175.08	845.02
Gross Profit Ratio (A / B)	**(in %)**	**3.99%**	**1.94%**	**0.24%**

Reconciliation 8 : Gross Profit

		31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Revenue from Operations (A)		65950.00	22175.08	845.02
Cost of Goods Sold (Reconciliation 2) (B)		63320.06	21744.49	842.99
Gross Profit (A-B)		**2629.94**	**430.59**	**2.03**

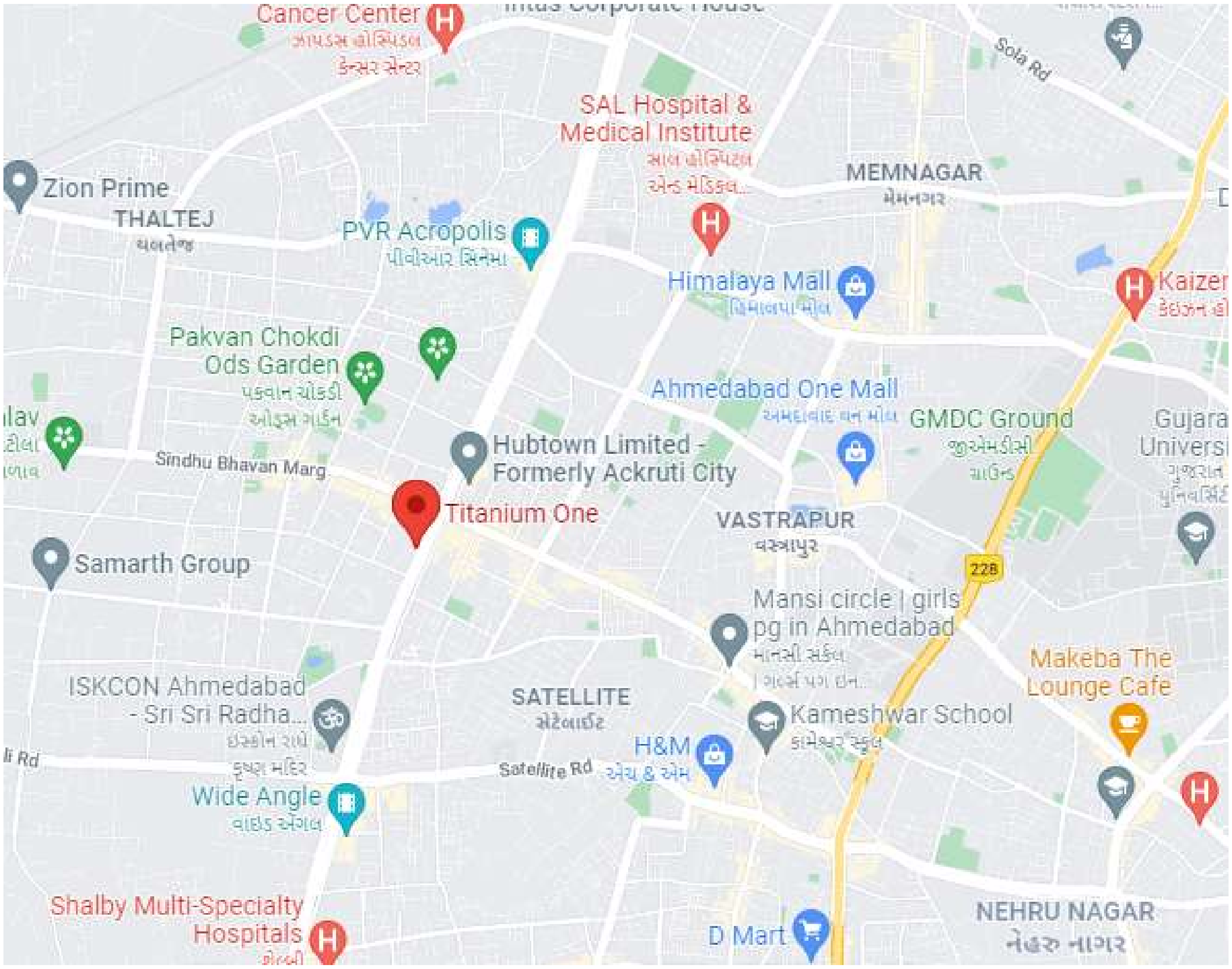
EARNINGS PER SHARE

		31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Profit/(Loss) for the period (A)		470.03	48.92	0.90
Weighted Average no. of Shares (B)		113.11	0.13	0.10
Basic EPS (A / B)	**(in ₹)**	**4.16**	**384.82**	**9.00**

Net Asset Value per Equity Share

		31st Mar., 2022	31st Mar., 2021	31st Mar., 2020
Total equity (A)		6257.01	559.95	(0.99)
Weighted Average no. of Shares (B)		113.11	0.13	0.10
Net Asset Value per Equity Share (A / B)	**(in ₹)**	**55.32**	**4,404.81**	**(9.95)**

ROUTE MAP TO AGM VENUE



RAJGOR PROTEINS LIMITED
Address: 808, Titanium One,
Nr. Pakwan Cross Road,
Nr. Shabri Water Works,
S.G. Highway, Bodakdev,
Ahmedabad-380015.

RAJGOR PROTEINS LIMITED

CIN: U24100GJ2000PLC037426

Reg. Off.: 808, TITANIUM ONE, NR. PAKWAN CROSS ROAD NR. SHABRI WATER WORKS, S.G HIGHWAY, BODAKDEV, AHMEDABAD-380015.

ATTENDANCE SLIP

Please fill attendance slip and hand it over at the entrance of the meeting hall

DP Id *:	Folio No.:
Client Id*:	No of Shares:

Name and Address of Shareholder :

____

____

____

I hereby record my presence at the Annual General Meeting of the Company being held on 29th day of September, 2022 at 11:00 A.M. at the Registered Office of the Company situated at 808, Titanium One, Nr. Pakwan Cross Road Nr. Shabri Water Works, S.G. Highway, Bodakdev, Ahmedabad-380015.

………………………………………………

Signature of the Shareholder or Proxy

DEV GREEN

RAJGOR PROTEINS LIMITED

CIN: U24100GJ2000PLC037426

Reg. Off.: 808, TITANIUM ONE, NR. PAKWAN CROSS ROAD NR. SHABRI WATER WORKS, S.G HIGHWAY, BODAKDEV, AHMEDABAD-380015.

FORM MGT-11

PROXY FORM

[Pursuant to Section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014)]

Name of member(s) :	Email Id
Registered Address :	Folio No/Client Id :
	DP Id :

I/We, being the member(s) of _______________ shares of **RAJGOR PROTEINS LIMITED**, hereby appoint:

1. Name:_____Address:______________________________

   E-mail Id:______________________________Signature:________________________or falling him

2. Name:_____Address:______________________________

   E-mail Id:______________________________Signature:________________________or falling him

3. Name:_____Address:______________________________

   E-mail Id:______________________________Signature: ________________________

as my/our proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me / us and on my / our behalf at the Annual General Meeting of the Company, to be held on held on 29th day of September, 2022 at 11:00 A.M. at registered office of the Company at any adjournment thereof, in respect of such resolutions set out in the Notice convening the meeting, as are indicated below:

Sr. No.	Resolutions	Resolution Type	For	Against
	ORDINARY BUSINESS:			
1	**To receive, consider and adopt the Financial Statements of the Company including audited Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2022, Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement for the year ended on 31st March, 2022 together with the Directors' Report and the Auditors' Report thereon.**	Ordinary Resolution		
2	**To declare Dividend on Equity Shares at the rate of 5 % (Five per cent) [i.e. Rs. 0.50/- (RupeesFifty Paisa Only) per Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten Only)] for the Financial Year ended March 31st March , 2022**	Ordinary Resolution		
3	**To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Rahulkumar Vasantlal Rajgor (DIN: 09010508) who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.**	Ordinary Resolution		
4	**To approve the appointment of Statutory Auditors and fixing of their remuneration**	Ordinary Resolution		
	SPECIAL BUSINESS:			
5	**To Approve Related Party Transaction(s) with Rajgor Castor Derivatives Limited (Associate Company) for various transactions during FY 2022-2023**	Special Resolution		
6	**To Approve Related Party Transaction(s) with Brijesh Trading Co. (Associate Proprietorship Concern) for various transactions during FY 2022-2023**	Special Resolution		
7	**To Approve Related Party Transaction(s) with Rajgor Industries**	Special Resolution		

DEV GREEN

	Private Limited (Associate Company) for various transactions during FY 2022-2023			

Signed this _______day of _________2022 Signature of Shareholder _____________________

Affix one Rupee Revenue Stamp

__________________________ __________________________ ________________________

Signature of first proxy holder Signature of second proxy holder Signature of third proxy holder

Notes:

This form, in order to be effective should be duly stamped, completed, signed and deposited at the registered office of the Company, not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the meeting. It is optional to indicate your preference. If you leave for or against column blank against above resolution, your proxy will be entitled to vote in the manner as he may deem fit.